

FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE REPORT

Year Ended June 30, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of School Directors Pottstown School District Pottstown, Pennsylvania

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pottstown School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Pottstown School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pottstown School District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Pottstown School District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Pottstown School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
 or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of Pottstown School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about Pottstown School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a
 reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedule for the general fund, and pension and other postemployment benefit information on pages 84 through 88 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Pottstown School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 15, 2024, on our consideration of Pottstown School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Pottstown School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Pottstown School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Reading, Pennsylvania February 15, 2024

Herlien + Company Inc.

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POTTSTOWN SCHOOL DISTRICT

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) *June 30, 2023*

The following is a discussion and analysis of the Pottstown School District's annual financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements--and Management's Discussion and Analysis--for State and Local Governments, issued in June 1999. Certain comparative information between the current year and the prior year is required to be presented in the MD&A.

DISTRICT HIGHLIGHTS

The Pottstown School District is a school district of the third class, coterminous with the Borough of Pottstown. The District covers an area of 5.1 square miles in a section of Montgomery County. The governing body of the School District is a Board of School Directors composed of nine members. Members are elected to four-year terms, which expire on a staggered basis. The daily operations and management of the School District are carried out by the administrative staff of the School District headed by the Superintendent of Schools, who is appointed by the Board.

The Pottstown School District consisted of four (4) elementary schools, a middle school, a high school, an elementary building housing special education programs, an Administration Building, a Pre K Learning Center and two (2) maintenance buildings. Renovations to Barth Elementary School were substantially completed during the 2012-13 school year. Edgewood Elementary School was closed at the end of the 2012-13 school year, but housed the Rupert Elementary School students and staff during 2013-14 and up to November 10, 2014 when additions and renovations were completed at the Rupert Elementary School building. Work on additions and renovations to Franklin and Lincoln Elementary Schools also took place during the 2013-14 year and were completed in time for the opening of the 2014-15 school year. The District's enrollment, including out placed students, was 3,361 students. The District employed approximately 251 professionals, 226 support staff, and 28 full time administrators. The District's commitment to provide an excellent education for each student can be seen in the quality of programs and opportunities the District maintains and supports.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The School District's budget is prepared according to Pennsylvania law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The School District uses site-based budgeting, and the budgeting system is designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management.

- The net position for business-type activities or Food Service increased by \$601,232. In 2022-23 the District's Food Service participated, for the ninth year, in the Community Eligibility Provision, which provides free breakfast and lunch to all students and provides a higher subsidy. The cafeteria operates independently from the General Fund. The number of meals increased significantly since the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Total net position for governmental activities increased by \$7,730,517 reducing the net position deficit from (\$35,292,891) to (\$27,562,374). The deficit position is the result of the net pension liability of \$66,081,802 and the net other postemployment benefit liability of \$8,811,579.

Fund Level

- Total General Fund revenues and other financing sources exceeded expenditures and other financing uses by \$2,546,353 bringing the General Fund fund balance to \$25,903,569.
- Total General Fund revenues were \$8,816,691 greater than anticipated. Local revenue exceeded the budget by \$2,992,796. Local Real Estate Taxes were over by approximately \$654,238 and the earned income tax revenue provided \$625,412 more than anticipated. State funding was \$7,782,768 more than budgeted due to increased state grant funding including \$2,500,000 in additional funds from the ready to learn grant, \$1,591,795 in level up supplement, increased basic education subsidies, and an additional \$352,500 in Pre-K Counts revenues. Federal revenue was \$1,958,873 less than budgeted as a result of less spending of ESSER II and American Rescue Plan COVID Grant Funding.
- Total General Fund expenditures were more than budgeted by \$7,386,695. This was due to additional resources and supplies used to prepare, prevent and respond to COVID 19 as well as the expenditures for the additional Ready to Learn and Pre K Counts funding. Instructional Expenditures were over budget by \$1,947,838 offset by additional grant revenue. Total Support Services expenditures were over budget by \$4,132,014. This was primarily a result of increased Student Support expenditures were more than budgeted by \$2,375,116 due to services purchased with ready to learn funds.

- The trends of prior years indicated that during the fiscal year 2022-2023, the Pottstown School
 District would experience another year of significant increases in the costs for special education
 instruction and transportation along with benefits for our employees. Further, anticipated
 remediation costs from the COVID-19 Pandemic will continue to cause an additional drain on
 financial resources.
- At the close of the fiscal year, the General Fund ending fund balance increased by \$2,546,353 to \$25,903,569 of which \$6,394,253 is unassigned. The remaining General Fund balance is comprised of funds committed for PSERS of \$3,799,409; non-spendable fund balance of \$282,424 consisting of prepaid expenditures and an assigned fund balance of \$15,244,943 (\$9,535,435 for capital projects, \$2,102,329 for transportation, \$2,927,544 for special education and charter tuition and \$679,635, which is appropriated in the 2023-24 budget). The Capital Projects ending fund balance increased \$79,809 to a balance of \$2,274,297. This is also observed in the Total Governmental fund balance increase of \$2,671,082, from \$25,882,443 to \$28,553,525.
- A Proprietary Internal Service Fund was established with the Southeastern Pennsylvania Schools
 Trust (SEPaST) for self-funded medical costs and has a net position of \$4,861,248. This
 represents a decrease of \$433,948. These funds are a combination of the funds reserved in
 prior years for medical costs and better experience in recent years than anticipated in actual
 medical and prescription costs.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34 and present both government-wide and fund level financial statements using both the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting, respectively.

This annual report consists of three parts: (1) management's discussion and analysis, (2) the basic financial statements and (3) required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two types of financial statements that present different views of the District.

- The first type includes two district-wide or government-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The other type and remaining statements are the fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the districtwide statements.
 - Governmental Funds statements indicate how basic services, such as regular and special education, were financed in the short term as well as indicate future spending plans.
 - o *Proprietary Funds* statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the District operates like a business, such as food services.
 - o *Fiduciary Funds* statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements, as well as provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of the annual report are arranged and related to the other.

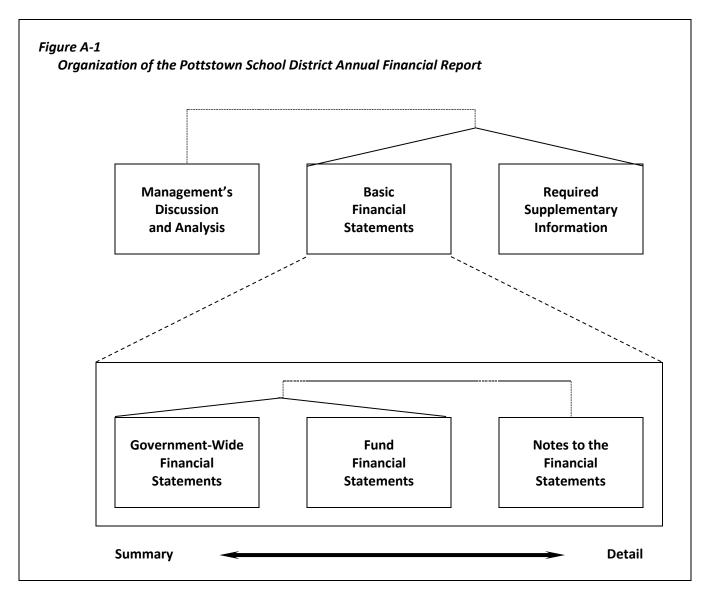


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's statements. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2 Major Featur	es of the Government-W	ide and Fund Financial St	atements	
	Government-Wide		Fund Financial Statements	
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire District (except Fiduciary Funds)	Activities of the District that are not proprietary or fidu- ciary, such as general operating and capital projects	Activities the District operates similar to private businesses, such as food services	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of someone else
Required financial statements	 Statement of net position Statement of activities 	 Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances 	 Statement of net position Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position Statement of cash flows 	 Statement of fiduciary net position Statement of changes in fiduciary net position
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, current and noncurrent and deferred inflows and outflows of resources	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon there- after; no capital assets or noncurrent liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, current and noncurrent and deferred inflows and outflows of resources	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/ outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position and the statement of activities are two financial statements that report information about the District as a whole and about its activities that indicate whether the District is better off or worse off as a result of this year's activities. These statements include all the District's assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The statement of net position presents all the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as "net position." Over time, increases and decreases in net position measure whether the District's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying events giving rise to the change occur, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in these statements for some events that will result in cash flows in future periods: uncollected taxes, retirement incentives, and unused vacation leave.

Both statements report two activities:

- Governmental Activities Most of the District's basic services, such as regular and special
 education, maintenance, and operation of plant services, are reported under this category.
 Taxes, state formula aid finance, and state and federal grants generally fund these programs.
- Business-Type Activities The only business-type activity in the District is food service
 operations. The sources of funding for operations consist of charges for meal purchases and
 federal and state subsidies.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the major individual funds of the District, not the District as a whole. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts used to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular programs. Some funds are required by state law and by bond requirements. The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (transfers and bond proceeds).

The District's funds are divided into three categories: (1) Governmental, (2) Proprietary, and (3) Fiduciary.

Governmental Funds - Most of the District's basic services are included in Governmental Funds
that focus on how money flows into and out of these funds and the balances left at year-end for
future spending. The Governmental Funds financial statements provide a detailed short-term
view of the general operations and the basic services provided and provide some direction as to
whether there will be more or fewer resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the
District's programs.

These funds are reported using the modified accrual accounting method, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. Governmental Funds include the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-wide statements, additional information behind the Governmental Funds statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

- Proprietary Funds Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in the Proprietary Funds. These funds utilize the accrual accounting method, which is the same method used by private sector businesses, or where the reporting is on determining net income, financial position, changes in financial position, and a significant portion of funding through user charges. When the District charges customers for services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units in the District, these services are generally reported in the Proprietary Funds. The Food Service Fund is the District's Enterprise Fund and is the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provides more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. In addition to the food service enterprise fund, the District has an internal service fund which is used to record the activities associated with self-funding for medical and prescription benefits.
- *Fiduciary Funds* The District currently does not have any fiduciary funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The District's combined net position increased \$8,331,749 over the course of the fiscal year's operations for total combined net deficit at June 30, 2023, of (\$27,313,789). The governmental funds excess revenues over expenditures as well as the net pension liability and net other postemployment benefits and related deferred inflows/outflows decrease is a main contributing factor to the districts change in net position. The District's financial position was derived from its governmental activities, the net position of which increased \$7,730,517 to (\$27,562,374). The net position of the District's business-type activities increased \$601,232 to \$248,585.

Figure A-3 - Condensed Statement of Net Position (in millions)

	Govern	mental		Business	s-Type			
	Activ	/ities		Activi	ties	Total District		
	2022-23	2021-22		2022-23	2021-22	2022-23	2021-22	
<u>Assets</u>								
Current and other \$	48.6	\$ 42.2	\$	1.6 \$	1.1	50.2 \$	43.3	
Capital assets	50.5	52.3		0.2	0.2	50.7	52.5	
TOTAL ASSETS	99.1	94.5	•	1.8	1.3	100.9	95.8	
Deferred outflows of resources	18.4	15.4		0.5	0.3	18.9	15.7	
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Current and other	16.1	12.0		0.1	0.1	16.2	12.1	
Long-term	121.6	117.5		1.8	1.0	123.4	118.5	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	137.7	129.5		1.9	1.1	139.6	130.6	
Deferred inflows of resources	7.4	15.7		0.2	0.9	7.6	16.6	
Net Position (Deficit)								
Net investment in capital assets	12.4	11.8		0.2	0.2	12.6	12.0	
Restricted	6.0	6.4		-	-	6.0	6.4	
Unrestricted	(46.0)	(53.5)			(0.6)	(46.0)	(54.1)	
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) \$	(27.6)	\$ (35.3)	\$	0.2 \$	(0.4)	\$ (27.4) \$		

Most of the District's net position is invested in capital assets (buildings, land, and equipment).

The District's net position increased by \$7,730,517. The increase consists of an increase in Cash and Investments of \$7.1 million, an increase in Accounts Payable of \$1.2 million, along with Bonds and Notes Payable decreasing \$3 million while the Southeastern Pennsylvania Schools Trust decreased \$600,932. This is offset by an increase in Intergovernmental Receivables of \$259,285 primarily as a result of additional grants procured as a response effort to the COVID-19 Pandemic. In addition, the deferred outflows of resources increased \$3M due to the accounting under GASB No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. Deferred inflows of resources decreased \$9M in addition to total liabilities increasing \$9 million. The increase in liabilities includes an increase in Payroll Accrual and withholdings of \$4M.

The District closely monitors and gives consideration to real estate and economic trends. These considerations are conservatively reflected in the annually approved General Fund budget. As of 2017, Pottstown Hospital Co. LLC was the School District's largest real property taxpayer. The most recent assessed value for the four parcels associated with Pottstown Hospital Co. LLC was \$23,540,030 (as of December 31, 2017). Effective October 1, 2017, Tower Health, a not-for-profit entity, acquired Pottstown Hospital Co. LLC.

Governmental activities had (170%) of total net position (deficit) as unrestricted. This is the largest component of the District's net position. The Board of Directors and Administration have judiciously followed their capital project's strategy to meet their timeline for investments in capital assets. Business-type activities had 2% of total net position as unrestricted.

A major portion (93.8%) of the District's total costs for operating programs and services was related to student instruction and support for instruction, including the operation/maintenance of school facilities and transportation as detailed in Figure A-4, Changes in Net Position from Operating Results.

The results of this year's operations as a whole are reported in the statement of activities in the financial statements. All expenses are reported in the first column. Specific charges, grants, revenues, and subsidies that directly relate to specific expense categories are presented to determine the final amount of the District's activities that are supported by other general revenues. The two largest general revenues are the Basic Education Subsidy provided by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the local taxes assessed to community taxpayers.

Figure A-4 takes the information from the statement of activities and rearranges it slightly, so you can see our total revenues for the year. The following table reflects the revenues and expenses for 2022 and 2023.

Figure A-4 - Changes in Net Position from Operating Results (In Millions of Dollars)

	Govern	ımental	Business	s-Type		
	Activities		Activi	ties	Total District	
	2022-23	2021-22	2022-23	2021-22	2022-23	2021-22
REVENUES						
Program Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$ 0.4 \$	5 0.2	\$ - \$	0.1 \$	0.4 \$	0.3
Operating grants and contributions	26.8	21.8	2.9	2.5	29.7	24.3
Capital grants and contributions	1.1	1.4	-	-	1.1	1.4
General Revenues						
Property taxes	29.8	29.7	-	-	29.8	29.7
State aid	19.6	15.7	-	-	19.6	15.7
Other taxes and miscellaneous	5.1	4.0	-	-	5.1	4.0
TOTAL REVENUES	82.8	72.8	2.9	2.6	85.7	75.4
EXPENSES						
Instruction	47.2	39.7	-	-	47.2	39.7
Pupil and instructional services	8.9	7.4	-	-	8.9	7.4
Administration and business	6.0	5.3	-	-	6.0	5.3
Maintenance and operations	7.7	6.6	-	-	7.7	6.6
Transportation	2.7	2.3	-	-	2.7	2.3
Other	2.6	2.3	2.3	2.0	4.9	4.3
TOTAL EXPENSES	75.1	63.6	2.3	2.0	77.4	65.6
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	7.7	9.2	0.6	0.6	8.3	9.8
Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning	(35.3)	(44.5)	(0.4)	(1.0)	(35.7)	(45.5)
Net Position (Deficit) - Ending	\$ <u>(27.6)</u> \$	\$ (35.3)	\$ 0.2 \$	(0.4) \$	(27.4) \$	(35.7)

The following Figure A-5 presents the expenses of both the governmental activities and the business-type activities of the District.

Figure A-5 - Net Cost of District Activities

	2023			2022				
		Total Cost	Net	Cost (Income)		Total Cost	Net	Cost (Income)
<u>Functions/Programs</u>		of Services		of Services		of Services	of Services	
Instruction	\$	47,194,174	\$	26,504,217	\$	39,697,175	\$	22,489,446
Pupil and instructional services		8,926,653		6,145,946		7,404,237		5,263,813
Administration and business		6,002,587		4,879,498		5,353,666		4,613,856
Maintenance and operations		7,772,099		6,473,038		6,569,444		5,160,671
Transportation		2,697,781		2,108,031		2,328,713		2,029,605
Student activities								
and community services		1,629,389		925,931		1,214,307		739,321
Interest on long-term debt		964,761		(143,545)		1,128,890		24,267
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	75,187,444		46,893,116	\$	63,696,432		40,320,979
Less unrestricted grants, subsidies				19,638,318				15,775,268
TOTAL NEEDS FROM LOCAL								
TAXES AND OTHER REVENUES			\$	27,254,798			\$	24,545,711
Business-Type Activities								
Food Service	\$	2,276,005	\$	(624,370)	\$	1,930,390	\$	(697,377)

Figure A-5 shows the District's six largest functions: instruction, pupil and instructional services, administrative and business services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and student activities and community services, as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). This figure also shows the net costs offset by the other unrestricted grants, subsidies and contributions to show the remaining financial needs supported by local taxes and other miscellaneous revenues.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

At the end of the 2022-2023 fiscal year, Governmental Funds had a total year-end fund balance of \$28,553,525, a \$2,671,082 increase from the prior fiscal year's balance of \$25,882,443. The General Fund increased \$2,546,353 as result of the annual revenues being above expected primarily as a result of additional grant funds, and state subsidies. Capital Projects increased \$79,809 as a result of earned interest.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the fiscal year, the Board of School Directors authorizes revisions to the original budget to accommodate differences from the original budget to the actual expenditures of the District. All adjustments are again confirmed at the time the annual audit is accepted after the end of the fiscal year, which is not prohibited by state law. A schedule showing the District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided as required supplementary information for the financial statements.

The District applies for federal, state and local grants, and these grants cannot always be anticipated in the budgetary process. Budgeted expenditures and other financing uses also increased this same amount to compensate for the additional approved grants. Transfers between specific categories of expenditures/financing uses occur during the year. The most significant transfers occur from the budget reserve category to specific expenditure areas.

The budgetary reserve (contingency) is an amount that will be used for unexpected expenditures throughout the fiscal year. Experience indicates that there are certain variables in expenditures where control is difficult, regardless of the care with which the budget is prepared.

The District's budget for fiscal year 2022-2023 anticipated expenditures exceeding revenue by \$740,132; however, the actual results for the year produced an excess of revenues over expenditures and other financing uses of \$2,546,353. Total revenues received were \$8,816,691 over budget. Local revenue collected exceeded the budget by \$2,992,796. This was a direct result of additional Real Estate and Earned Income tax collections received which were not included in the budget along with higher than anticipated collections of Real Estate Transfer Taxes. Funds received from State revenue exceeded the budget by \$7,782,768 as a result of additional Ready to Learn Grant, Level-Up Supplement and retirement subsidy funding. Federal revenues were \$1,958,873 less than anticipated as a result of additional funding from the Ready to Learn State Subsidy and not utilizing Federal ESSER Covid Relief grant funding.

Total expenditures were over budget by \$7,386,695. Instructional expenditures were \$1,947,838 over spent, which was attributed to the additional programs to address learning loss due to the COVID 19 Pandemic. Support services were over spent by \$4,132,014 this was primarily a result of the addition of instructional staff and mental health supports to address social and emotional needs as well as learning loss due to the Covid 19 pandemic.

The District's conservative approach to budgeting is observed by the results indicating that actual revenues were greater than budgeted revenues and actual expenditures were over spent as a result of the additional grants received, which were not included in the original budgeted expenditures. Without such a conservative approach the expenditures should have been overspent by the full amount of the additional grant money received. As it is most of the grant expenditures were absorbed by the original budgeted expenditures.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

For the Pottstown School District, capital assets include land, buildings, furniture and equipment, vehicles, and other items which meet the following criteria:

- 1. The individual asset must have a useful life of greater than one year.
- 2. The individual asset cost is equal to or greater than \$5,000 or was purchased with debt proceeds.

The District maintains fixed asset records for the above capital assets, as well as for items costing over \$5,000 with a life extending at least one year. Each department or school is responsible for the protection of these assets.

At June 30, 2023, the District had \$50,730,285 (net of depreciation/amortization) invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, school buildings, administrative offices, athletic facilities, furniture and equipment. Total depreciation/amortization expense for the year was \$3,845,022 for governmental activities and \$28,816 for business type activities. Additions were made to governmental activities in the amount of \$2,003,479. With the Elementary Schools projects completed, capital assets will continue to decrease, as depreciation will normally exceed the annual improvements. More detailed information about our capital assets is included in Note 7 to the financial statements.

Figure A-6 Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation/Amortization, in Millions of Dollars)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities			S	Total District		
		2022-23	 2021-22	_	2022-23	2021-22		2022-23	2021-22
Land and Construction In Progress	\$	0.8	\$ 0.8	\$	- \$	-	\$	0.8 \$	0.8
Site improvements		1.5	1.5		-	-		1.5	1.5
Buildings and building improvements	5	46.8	48.4		-	-		46.8	48.4
Furniture and equipment		1.4	1.6	_	0.2	0.1		1.6	1.7
	\$	50.5	\$ 52.3	\$	0.2 \$	0.1	\$	50.7 \$	52.4

Long-Term Debt

At year-end, the District had \$37,445,000 of general obligation bonds. This is a decrease of \$2,595,000 from the previous year as a result of debt payments. Other obligations include leases payable and compensated absences (accrued vacation pay and sick leave for specific employees of the District). More detailed information about our long-term liabilities is included in Note 8 to the financial statements.

Figure A-7 Outstanding Long-Term Debt (In Millions of Dollars)

	20	22-23	20)21-22
General obligation bonds, net	\$	38.1	\$	40.9
Leases payable		-		0.1
Compensated absences		0.5		0.6
	\$	38.6	\$	41.6

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following circumstances that may affect its future financial growth.

The District has completed the Elementary Schools Project. The decision has been made to maintain
the Administration Building & Edgewood Elementary. Improvements will be necessary in the not too
distant future to maintain both buildings for the long-term. Necessary improvements may include
items such as HVAC repair, mechanical upgrades, plumbing repairs, window replacement, masonry
repairs, asbestos abatement and cosmetic upgrades such as paint, carpeting, and flooring.

- The Pennsylvania School Employees Retirement System continues to reset the percentage of payroll
 that school districts must pay as the actuarial projections based on required investment returns are
 not met. The actual and projected rates for employer contributions were, again, recently increased as
 follows:
 - 2010-11 was 5.64%
 - 2011-12 was 8.65% an increase of 53.4%
 - 2012-13 was 12.36% an increase of 42.9%
 - 2013-14 was 16.93% an increase of 37.0%
 - 2014-15 was 21.4% an increase of 26.4%
 - 2015-16 was 25.84% an increase of 20.8%
 - 2016-17 was 30.03% an increase of 16.2%
 - 2017-18 was 32.57% an increase of 8.45%
 - 2018-19 was 33.43% an increase of 2.6%
 - 2019-20 was 34.29% an increase of 2.57%
 - 2020-21 was 34.51% an increase of .64%
 - 2021-22 was 34.94% an increase of 1.25%
 - 2022-23 is 35.26% an increase of 1.0%
 - 2023-24 is 34% a decrease of 3.57%
 - 2024-25 is 33.9 a decrease of .29%

The ECR decrease, the second since 2008-09, was caused in large part by PSERS' employers strong payroll growth and favorable demographic changes involving mortality and retirement experience, according to the Board's actuarial firm, Buck Global LLC. The Public School Employees' Retirement Code mandates the Board to adopt an employer contribution rate that is calculated in accordance with statutory formula and certified by the actuary.

The decline in the FY 2024-25 ECR is a one-year decline, and ECR rates could rise again slowly. Future increases, however, will start from the lower FY 2024-25 base ECR of 33.90%. This means projected ECR increases are expected to remain lower than previous projections over the next few years. The System's funded ratio is expected to reach 81.9% in FY 2032 as more workers who join the System do so under the reduced retirement benefit structures enacted by Act 120 of 2010 and Act 5 of 2017 and full annual funding continues to reduce the unfunded liability

The District anticipates rising health care costs in the ensuing fiscal years, as indicators report
increases significantly above the index. The District moved to the self-funded SEPaST, comprised of
various county districts, to realize administrative savings on health benefits.

- The Governor and state legislature passed Act 1 of the 2006 Special Session Taxpayer Relief Act that has an effect on how school districts budget and raise revenue for education since the 2007-08 fiscal year. This legislation restricts the School District's ability to increase property taxes without voter approval of the District's budget if the budget exceeds an annual inflation index determined by the Commonwealth. The District has never exceeded the index and only raised taxes to half (50%) of the allowable rate as indicated by the index for the 2012-13 school year while there was no tax increase in the 2015-16, 2016-17 and 2017-18 school years. The district raised taxes to the adjusted index 3.5% for a millage rate of 40.62 in 2018-2019 and raised taxes to the adjusted index 3.3% for a millage rate of 41.96 in 2019-2020. The District did not raise taxes in 2020-21, 2021-22, 2022-23, or 2032-24 the millage rate remains at 41.96.
- Legislation was passed which eliminates all but three exceptions of the original exceptions passed under the Act 1 of the 2006 Special Session, allowing Districts to increase local tax effort above the Index without voter approval. The three remaining exceptions are retirement, debt and special education expenses.
- The District currently has a labor agreement with the Federation of Pottstown Teachers with a contract period of August 31, 2022 through September 1, 2025.
- With the change in Governor and legislators there is uncertainty in the financial support for public schools at the state level. There is also momentum building for real estate tax elimination that would significantly hinder the district's ability to meaningfully impact school finances.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office, Pottstown School District, 230 Beech Street, Pottstown, PA 19464.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2023

		Business-	_
	Governmental	Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 35,785,454	\$ 1,441,972	\$ 37,227,426
Taxes receivable, net	2,187,095	- 02 504	2,187,095
Internal balances	(83,591)	83,591	7 070 401
Intergovernmental receivables Other receivables	7,060,819 116,480	18,672	7,079,491 116,480
Inventories	110,460	- 21,852	21,852
Prepaid expenses	440,424	21,632	440,424
Funds held by Southeastern Pennsylvania Schools Trust	3,090,295	_	3,090,295
Capital assets:	3,090,293	_	3,090,293
Capital assets not being depreciated	744,432	_	744,432
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	49,729,083	243,058	49,972,141
Right-to-use lease assets, net of accumulated amortization	13,712	-	13,712
TOTAL ASSETS		1 900 145	100,893,348
TOTAL ASSETS	99,084,203	1,809,145	100,893,348
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred charge on bond refunding	380,603	-	380,603
Deferred outflows of resources for pension	16,403,851	434,274	16,838,125
Deferred outflows of resources for other postemployment benefits	1,655,932	75,169	1,731,101
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	18,440,386	509,443	18,949,829
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	2,852,355	80,410	2,932,765
Accrued interest	147,965		147,965
Payroll accruals and withholdings	10,437,026	28,918	10,465,944
Unearned revenues	6,311	2,735	9,046
Noncurrent liabilities, due within one year	2,699,454	-	2,699,454
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Bonds payable, net	35,453,115	-	35,453,115
Long-term portion of compensated absences	537,573	21,915	559,488
Net pension liability	79,648,042	1,666,958	81,315,000
Net other postemployment benefit liabilities	5,896,076	138,422	6,034,498
TOTAL LIABILITIES	137,677,917	1,939,358	139,617,275
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows of resources for pension	2,837,611	99,972	2,937,583
Deferred inflows of resources for other postemployment benefits	4,571,435	30,673	4,602,108
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	7,409,046	130,645	7,539,691
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	12,390,022	243,058	12,633,080
Restricted for:			
Capital projects	2,274,297	-	2,274,297
Health claims	3,248,295	-	3,248,295
Student activities and donor purposes	558,199	-	558,199
Unrestricted (deficit)	(46,033,187)	5,527	(46,027,660)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$ (27,562,374)	\$ 248,585	\$ (27,313,789)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Program Revenue				(Expense) Revenue nanges in Net Positio	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental Activities Instruction Instructional student support Administrative and financial support services Operation and maintenance of plant services Pupil transportation Student activities Community services Interest on long-term debt	\$ 47,194,174 8,926,653 6,002,587 7,772,099 2,697,781 1,517,362 112,027 964,761	\$ 121,486 - - 206,429 11,807 55,642	2,780,707 1,123,089 1,092,632 577,943	\$ - - - - - - 1,108,306	\$ (26,504,217) (6,145,946) (4,879,498) (6,473,038) (2,108,031) (883,507) (42,424) 143,545	\$ - - - - - - -	\$ (26,504,217) (6,145,946) (4,879,498) (6,473,038) (2,108,031) (883,507) (42,424) 143,545
Total Governmental Activities	75,187,444	395,364	26,790,658	1,108,306	(46,893,116)	-	(46,893,116)
Business-Type Activities Food service	2,276,005	49,389		<u>-</u>	- (45,000,445)	624,370	624,370
Total Primary Government	\$ 77,463,449 General Revenues Taxes:		\$ 29,641,644	\$ 1,108,306	(46,893,116)	624,370	(46,268,746)
		realty, earned inc es, and contributi nings	ome, local service and ons not restricted to s	29,878,777 4,278,063 19,638,318 662,839 109,147 56,489	33,351 - (56,489)	29,878,777 4,278,063 19,638,318 696,190 109,147	
	Total Gene	ral Revenues and	Transfers	54,623,633	(23,138)	54,600,495	
	Change in N	Net Position		7,730,517	601,232	8,331,749	
	Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning of Year					(352,647)	(35,645,538)
	Net Position (Defi	icit) - End of Year			\$ (27,562,374)	\$ 248,585	\$ (27,313,789)

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2023

	General	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Special Revenue Student Activities	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$ 32,926,557	\$ 2,296,680	\$ 379,677	\$ 35,602,914
Restricted cash	182,540	-	-	182,540
Interfund receivables	575,336	_	_	575,336
Taxes receivable	2,225,595	-	-	2,225,595
Intergovernmental receivables	7,060,819	-	-	7,060,819
Other receivables	110,966	-	5,514	116,480
Prepaid expenditures	282,424			282,424
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 43,364,237	\$ 2,296,680	\$ 385,191	\$ 46,046,108
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES				
Interfund payable	\$ 2,249,497	\$ 22,383	\$ -	\$ 2,271,880
Accounts payable	2,517,584	-	9,532	2,527,116
Accounts payable - capital	325,239	-	-	325,239
Accrued salaries and benefits	10,142,215	-	-	10,142,215
Payroll deductions and withholdings	294,811	-	-	294,811
Unearned revenues	6,311		-	6,311
TOTAL LIABILITIES	15,535,657	22,383	9,532	15,567,572
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	1,925,011	-	-	1,925,011
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	282,424	-	-	282,424
Restricted	182,540	2,274,297	375,659	2,832,496
Committed:				
PSERS increase	3,799,409	-	-	3,799,409
Assigned:				
Capital projects	9,535,435	-	-	9,535,435
Charter school / special education tuition	2,927,544	-	-	2,927,544
Transportation	2,102,329	-	-	2,102,329
Appropriated 2023/2024 budget	679,635	-	-	679,635
Unassigned	6,394,253			6,394,253
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	25,903,569	2,274,297	375,659	28,553,525
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 43,364,237	\$ 2,296,680	\$ 385,191	\$ 46,046,108

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net pos	sition are different i	because:
TOTAL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$ 28,553,525
Capital and right-to-use assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$114,391,523 and the accumulated depreciation/amortization is \$63,904,296.		50,487,227
Property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds adjusted for allowance for doubtful accounts.		1,886,511
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:		
Bonds payable Leases payable Accrued interest on bonds and leases Unamortized bond premium Unamortized bond discount Deferred charge on bond refunding Long-term portion of compensated absences	\$ (37,445,000) (14,454) (147,965) (805,474) 112,359 380,603 (537,573)	(38,457,504)
The net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources of pensions are not reflected on the fund financial statements.		(66,081,802)
The net other postemployment benefit liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources for other postemployment benefits are not reflected on the fund financial statements.		(8,811,579)
An internal service fund is used by the District to account for future self-insured healthcare costs. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are reported with governmental activities.		4,861,248
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ (27,562,374)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Special Revenue Student Activities	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Local sources	\$ 36,794,702	\$ 79,809	\$ 283,549	\$ 37,158,060
State sources	39,082,779	-	-	39,082,779
Federal sources	6,666,519			6,666,519
TOTAL REVENUES	82,544,000	79,809	283,549	82,907,358
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instructional services	49,253,420	-	-	49,253,420
Support services	24,109,472	-	-	24,109,472
Operation of noninstructional services	1,493,166	-	238,629	1,731,795
Capital outlay	1,433,676	-	_	1,433,676
Debt service:				
Principal	2,679,904	-	_	2,679,904
Interest	1,084,249	-	_	1,084,249
Refund of prior year revenues	249			249
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	80,054,136	<u>-</u>	238,629	80,292,765
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	2,489,864	79,809	44,920	2,614,593
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in	56,489		_ _	56,489
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	56,489			56,489
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	2,546,353	79,809	44,920	2,671,082
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	23,357,216	2,194,488	330,739	25,882,443
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 25,903,569	\$ 2,274,297	\$ 375,659	\$ 28,553,525

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$ 2,671,082	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation or amortization expense.			
Capital outlays Less: depreciation and amortization expense	\$ 2,003,479 (3,845,022)	(1,841,543)	
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the District's year end, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds.		(45,886)	
Issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds.		(13,333)	
Repayment of bond principal Repayment of lease principal Amortization of bond premium Amortization of bond discount Amortization of deferred charge on bond refunding	2,595,000 84,904 172,649 (11,958) (54,225)	2,786,370	
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due and, thus, requires the use of current financial resources.		13,022	
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The difference in the amount incurred and amount paid of these activities is:			
Compensated absences Net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows Net OPEB liability and related deferred outflows and inflows	14,256 3,628,312 938,852	4,581,420	
An internal service fund is used to account for future self-insured healthcare costs charged to the individual funds. The net loss of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.		(433,948)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION (DEFICIT) OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ 7,730,517	
See accompanying notes.		24	

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2023

,		
	Enterprise Fund Food Service	Internal Service Fund
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$ 1,441,972	\$ -
Interfund receivables	83,591	1,612,953
Intergovernmental receivables	18,672	-
Inventories	21,852	-
Funds held by Southeastern Pennsylvania Schools Trust		3,090,295
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	1,566,087	4,703,248
NONCURRENT ASSETS		
Long-term deposit	-	158,000
Furniture and equipment, net	243,058	
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	243,058	158,000
TOTAL ASSETS	1,809,145	4,861,248
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows of resources for pension	434,274	-
Deferred outflows of resources for other postemployment benefits	75,169	-
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	509,443	
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	80,410	-
Accrued salaries and benefits	28,918	-
Unearned revenues	2,735	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	112,063	-
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		
Compensated absences	21,915	-
Net pension liability	1,666,958	-
Net other postemployment benefit liabilities	138,422	
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	1,827,295	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,939,358	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows of resources for pension	99,972	-
Deferred inflows of resources for other postemployment benefits	30,673	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	130,645	
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	243,058	-
Restricted for health claims	-	3,090,295
Restricted terminal liability reserve	-	158,000
Unrestricted	5,527	1,612,953
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 248,585	\$ 4,861,248

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Enterprise Fund Food Service	Internal Service Fund	
OPERATING REVENUES Food service revenue	\$ 49,389	\$ -	
Charges for services		6,547,699	
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	49,389	6,547,699	
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Salaries	597,721	-	
Employee benefits	418,066	-	
Pension and OPEB valuation adjustments	(129,348)	-	
Purchased property services	36,045	-	
Supplies	1,318,657	-	
Depreciation	28,816	-	
Other operating costs	6,048	7 000 672	
Health claims and administrative expenses		7,089,673	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	2,276,005	7,089,673	
OPERATING LOSS	(2,226,616)	(541,974)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES			
Earnings on investments	33,351	108,026	
State sources	207,473	-	
Federal sources	2,643,513		
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES	2,884,337	108,026	
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	657,721	(433,948)	
TRANSFERS OUT	(56,489)		
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	601,232	(433,948)	
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - BEGINNING OF YEAR	(352,647)	5,295,196	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 248,585	\$ 4,861,248	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Enterprise Fund Food Service	Internal Service Fund	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Received from users Payments to employees for services Payments for supplies and other operating expenses Payments for health claims and administrative expenses	\$ 47,448 (1,395,700) (1,164,762)	\$ 6,467,666 - - (6,575,692)	
NET CASH USED FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(2,513,014)	(108,026)	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES State sources Federal sources Transfers out	208,032 2,523,909 (56,489)	- - -	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	2,675,452	-	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of capital assets	(86,329)	-	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Earnings on investments	33,351	108,026	
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	109,460	-	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,332,512		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,441,972	\$ -	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS - CONTINUED

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Used For Operating Activities:	Enterprise Fund Food Service	Internal rvice Fund
Operating loss	\$ (2,226,616)	\$ (541,974)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used for operating activities:		
Depreciation	28,816	-
Donated commodities used	139,177	-
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources:		
Other receivables	84	-
Prepaid expenses	-	(27,000)
Inventories	6,148	-
Funds held by Southeastern Pennsylvania Schools Trust	-	540,981
Interfund balances	(371,741)	(80,033)
Deferred outflows of resources for pension	(191,022)	-
Deferred outflows of resources for other		
postemployment benefits	25,781	-
Accounts payable	50,663	-
Accrued salaries and benefits	(5,509)	-
Unearned revenues	(2,025)	-
Compensated absences	(2,663)	-
Net pension liability	836,096	-
Net other postemployment benefit liabilities	(97,562)	-
Deferred Inflows of resources for pension	(726,242)	-
Deferred inflows of resources for other	, , ,	
postemployment benefits	23,601	
Total adjustments	(286,398)	433,948
NET CASH USED FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (2,513,014)	\$ (108,026)

NONCASH NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES

During the year, the District used \$139,177 of commodities from the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

Pottstown School District ("School District" or the "District") is located in Montgomery County, Pennsylvania. The District is comprised of five elementary schools, one middle school, and one high school, and serves approximately 3,000 students.

Pottstown School District is governed by a board of nine school directors who are residents of the District and who are elected every two years, on a staggered basis, for a four-year term. The board of school directors has the power and duty to establish, equip, furnish, and maintain a sufficient number of elementary, secondary, and other schools necessary to educate every person residing in such district between the ages of 6 and 21 years, who may attend.

In order to establish, enlarge, equip, furnish, operate, and maintain any school herein provided, or to pay any school indebtedness which the District is required to pay, or to pay an indebtedness that may at any time hereafter be created by the District, the board of school directors are vested with all the necessary authority and power annually to levy and collect the necessary taxes required and granted by the legislature, in addition to the annual state appropriation, and are vested with all necessary power and authority to comply with and carry out any or all of the provisions of the Public School Code of 1949.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Pottstown School District have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the authoritative standard-setting body for the establishment of governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of these accounting principles are as follows:

A. Reporting Entity

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the District (the primary government) and its component units.

The District used guidance contained in generally accepted accounting principles to evaluate the possible inclusion of related entities (authorities, boards, councils, fiduciary activities, etc.) within its reporting entity. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the reporting entity consists of the primary government and legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. In addition, the primary government may determine through the exercise of management's professional judgment that the inclusion of a legally separate entity that does not meet the financial accountability criteria is necessary in order to prevent the reporting entity's financial statements from being misleading. In such instances, that legally separate entity should be included as a component unit if the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government or other component units are such that the exclusion from the financial reporting entity would render the financial reporting entity's financial statements incomplete or misleading. In evaluating how to define the reporting entity, management has considered all potential component units.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

A. Reporting Entity - continued

Based on the foregoing criteria, the District has determined it has no component units.

Governments commonly enter into special arrangements with each other to provide or obtain needed services. A common type of such an arrangement is a joint venture. In addition to joint ventures, governments also enter into contracts to plan for and address certain activities for their mutual benefits; i.e., a jointly governed organization. The District has one jointly governed organization:

Jointly Governed Organization: The District is a participating member of the Montgomery County Intermediate Unit (MCIU). The MCIU is run by a joint committee consisting of members from each participating district. No participating district appoints a majority of the joint committee. The board of directors of each participating district must approve MCIU's annual operating budget.

The MCIU is a self-sustaining organization that provides services for fees to participating districts. As such, the District has no ongoing financial interest or responsibility in the MCIU. The MCIU contracts with participating districts to supply special education services, computer services, and to act as a conduit for certain federal programs.

B. Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) display information about the reporting entity, except for its fiduciary activities. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. The government-wide statements include separate columns for the governmental and business-type activities of the primary government, as well as any discretely presented component units. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions are reported separately from business-type activities which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function to the District are offset by the program revenues related to that function. Direct expenses are those that are directly related to and clearly identified with a function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from services or goods provided by a given function, or 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meet the operational or capital requirements of a function. Taxes and other items properly not included in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

B. Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide Financial Statements - continued

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are the contributions made to any component units from the District's governmental funds and transfers between governmental funds and business-type and fiduciary funds. Elimination of these contributions would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

C. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type. The District currently does not have any fiduciary funds.

The District Reports the Following Major Governmental Funds:

General Fund: This fund is established to account for resources devoted to financing the general services that the District performs. Intergovernmental revenues and other sources of revenue used to finance the fundamental operations of the District are included in this fund. The fund is charged with all costs of operating the District for which a separate fund has not been established.

Capital Projects Fund: This fund is established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital equipment and facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

The District Reports the Following Nonmajor Governmental Fund:

Special Revenue Fund - Student Activities: This fund is established to account for financial resources to be used for various student activities.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

C. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements - continued

The District has the Following Major Enterprise (Proprietary) Fund:

Food Service Fund: The food service fund is authorized under Section 504 of the Public School Code of 1949 to account for all revenues, food purchases, and costs and expenses for the food service program. The food service fund is the District's only major enterprise fund where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing food services are covered by user charges and subsidies received.

Additionally, the District Reports the Following Fund Type:

Internal Service Fund: This fund accounts for the financing of services provided to other departments or agencies of the government on a cost reimbursement basis. The District's internal service fund is a major proprietary fund used to account for the activity related to the District's self-insured medical, vision, and prescription drug plan. Since this fund supports largely governmental activities, it is included in governmental activities in the government-wide statements.

During the course of operations, the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as interfund receivables and payables. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus, and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the food service fund and internal service fund are charges to customers for sales and services provided. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. Federal and state subsidies are considered non-operating revenues as no exchange transaction occurs.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual and so has been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met. If time-eligibility requirements are not met, deferred inflows of resources would be recorded. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt, including leases and subscriptions, are reported as other financing sources.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

E. Budgetary Process

An operating budget is adopted prior to the beginning of each year for the General Fund on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The General Fund is the only fund for which a budget is legally required.

In accordance with Act 1 of 2006, the board shall annually, but not later than 110 days before the primary election, decide the budget option to be used for the following fiscal year. The board shall approve either the Accelerated Budget Process Option or the Board Resolution Option.

Accelerated Budget Process Option

Under this option, a preliminary budget must be adopted 90 days prior to the primary election. Under this option, the preliminary budget must be available for public inspection at least 20 days prior to the budget adoption. The board shall give public notice of its intent to adopt the preliminary budget at least 10 days prior to the adoption.

If the primary budget exceeds the increase authorized by the Index, an application for an exception may be filed with the Pennsylvania Department of Education (PDE) and made available for public inspection. The board may opt to forego applying for an exception by submitting a referendum question seeking voter approval for a tax increase, in accordance with Act 1.

The final budget shall include any necessary changes from the adopted preliminary budget. Any reduction required as the result of the failure of referendum shall be clearly stated. The final budget shall be made available for public inspection at least 20 days prior to final adoption. The board shall annually adopt the final budget by a majority vote of all members of the board prior to June 30.

Board Resolution Option

Under the Board Resolution Option, the board shall adopt a resolution that it will not raise the rate of any tax for the following fiscal year by more than the Index. Such resolution shall be adopted no later than 110 days prior to the primary election. At least 30 days prior to adoption of the final budget the board shall prepare a proposed budget. The proposed budget shall be available for public inspection at least 20 days prior to adoption of the budget. The board shall give public notice of its intent to adopt at least 10 days prior to adoption of the proposed budget. The board shall annually adopt the final budget by a majority vote of all members of the board by June 30.

Legal budgetary control is maintained at the sub-function/major object level. The PA School Code allows the school board to make budgetary transfers between major function and major object codes only within the last nine months of the fiscal year, unless there is a two-thirds majority of the board approving the transfer. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period. Budgetary information reflected in the financial statements is presented at or below the level of budgetary control and includes the effect of approved budget amendments.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

F. Financial Position

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary fund type considers all highly-liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

2. Investments

Investments are valued at fair value in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, except for investments in external investment pools, which are valued at amortized costs if required criteria are met as outlined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants.

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Investments are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, credit, and overall market volatility. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is reasonably possible that changes in the fair value of investments will occur in the near-term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statement of financial position.

3. Interfund Transactions

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the year are referred to as "interfund receivables/payables." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

Inventories of the governmental funds, consisting principally of textbooks and instructional supplies, are not valued since it is the policy of the District to charge these items to expense upon acquisition.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

F. Financial Position - continued

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items - continued

Inventories of the Enterprise Fund consisting of food and paper supplies are carried at cost, using the first-in, first-out method. Federal donated commodities are valued at their fair market value as determined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture at the date of donation. The inventories on hand at June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

Purchased food and supplies	\$ 21,555
Donated commodities	297
	\$ 21,852

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The costs of prepaid items are recorded as expenses/expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

5. Capital Assets, Depreciation, and Amortization

The District's capital assets with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary capital assets are also reported in their respective financial statements. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. Right-to-use lease assets are reported when a qualifying lease liability is incurred.

The District generally capitalizes assets with a cost of \$5,000 or more as purchase and construction outlays occur. Assets purchased or constructed with long-term debt may be capitalized regardless of the threshold established. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Construction in progress is stated at cost and consists primarily of costs incurred on construction projects. No provision for depreciation is made on construction in progress until the assets are complete and placed into service. Capital assets, including those of component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations.

Estimated useful lives for depreciable and amortizable assets are as follows:

Assets	Years
Buildings and building improvements	5 - 40
Site improvements	15 - 40
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20
Vehicles	5 - 7
Right-to-use lease assets	2 - 5

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

F. Financial Position - continued

6. Valuation of Long-Lived Assets

Long-lived assets to be held and used are required to be reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. In general, any long-lived assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less cost to sell. The District periodically evaluates the recoverability of its long-lived assets, including real estate and improvements and deferred costs, using objective methodologies. Such methodologies include evaluations based on cash flows generated by the underlying assets or other determinants of fair value. None of the District's long-lived assets were considered to be impaired as of June 30, 2023.

7. Unearned Revenues

Revenues that are received but not earned are reported as unearned revenues in the government-wide, governmental, and proprietary fund financial statements. Unearned revenues arise when resources are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the respective financial statements and revenue is recognized.

8. Compensated Absences

District policies permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick days based on employment agreements. Payments for vacation and sick pay are expensed as paid in the governmental fund statements. Accumulated vacation and sick leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources and that has matured is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability in the governmental fund that will pay it. Accumulated vacation or sick leave that is not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources and that has not matured is reported as a long-term liability in the proprietary funds and the government-wide financial statements and is expensed as incurred.

9. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns in the statement of net position. This same treatment also applies to proprietary fund financial statements. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Other bond issuance costs are expensed at the time the debt is issued.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognized bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and original issue discounts or premiums are reported as other financing sources and uses. Issuance costs and underwriter's discount, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

F. Financial Position - continued

10. Leases

Pottstown School District is a lessee for noncancellable leases of equipment. The District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Also included within the lease
 term are any qualifying lease renewals or early termination options that the District is
 reasonably certain to exercise or not exercise. Lease payments included in the measurement
 of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the
 District is reasonably certain to exercise.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with noncurrent liabilities on the statement of net position.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

F. Financial Position - continued

11. Pension

The District contributes to the Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The District accounts for the plan under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, which establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of pension expense and related liabilities, deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pension, certain required supplementary information, and note disclosures.

For the purpose of measuring net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pension and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) and additions to/deductions from PSERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refund of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

12. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

The District's other postemployment benefit plans are accounted for under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, which establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of other postemployment benefit expense and related liabilities, deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits, certain required supplementary information, and note disclosures. The District provides OPEB under the following two plans:

PSERS OPEB Plan

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the PSERS plan and additions to/deductions from PSERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

District OPEB Plan

The District sponsors a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPEB plan and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, the plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The District OPEB plan is unfunded.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

F. Financial Position - continued

13. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses) until then. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category:

A deferred charge on bond refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

Deferred outflows of resources for pension relate to the District's net pension liability and pension expense and arise from changes in assumptions, actual versus expected results, changes in benefits, variances in expected versus actual investment earnings, changes in the employer's proportion, differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of total contributions reported by the pension plan, or changes in the internal allocation of the net pension liability between governmental and business-type activities or funds. These amounts are deferred and amortized over either a closed 5-year period or the average remaining service life of all employees depending on what gave rise to the deferred outflow. Also included are contributions made to the pension plan subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the District's year end. The contributions will be recognized as a reduction in net pension liability in the following year.

Deferred outflows of resources for other postemployment benefits relate to the District's liability for postemployment benefits other than pensions and related expenses and arise from the changes in assumptions, actual versus expected results, changes in benefits, variances in expected versus actual investment earnings, changes in the employer's proportion, differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of total contributions reported by the plan, or changes in the internal allocation of the net other postemployment benefit liability between governmental and business-type activities or funds. These amounts are deferred and amortized over either a closed 5-year period or the average remaining service life of all employees depending on what gave rise to the deferred outflow. Also included are contributions or benefit payments made subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the District's year end. These payments will be recognized as a reduction to the net other postemployment benefit liability in the following year.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

F. Financial Position - continued

13. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - continued

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has three types of items that qualify for reporting in this category:

Unavailable revenue arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from one source - property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Deferred inflows of resources for pension relate to the District's net pension liability and pension expense and arise from changes in assumptions, actual versus expected results, changes in benefits, variances in expected versus actual investment earnings, changes in the employer's proportion, differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of total contributions reported by the pension plan, or changes in the internal allocation of the net pension liability between governmental and business-type activities or funds. These amounts are deferred and amortized over either a closed 5-year period or the average remaining service life of all employees depending on what gave rise to the deferred inflow.

Deferred inflows of resources for other postemployment benefits relate to the District's liability for postemployment benefits other than pensions and related expenses and arise from the changes in assumptions, actual versus expected results, changes in benefits, variances in expected versus actual investment earnings, changes in the employer's proportion, differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of total contributions reported by the plan, or changes in the internal allocation of the net other postemployment benefit liability between governmental and business-type activities or funds. These amounts are deferred and amortized over either a closed 5-year period or the average remaining service life of all employees depending on what gave rise to the deferred outflow. These amounts are deferred and amortized over either a closed 5-year period or the average remaining service life of all employees depending on what gave rise to the deferred inflow.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

F. Financial Position - continued

14. Net Position and Flow Assumptions

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in the capital assets component of net position is comprised of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. In addition, any deferred outflows of resources and/or deferred inflows of resources related to such capital assets or liabilities associated with the capital assets should also be added to or deducted from the overall net investment in capital assets. If there are unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of debt attributed to the unspent bond proceeds is not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. The restricted component of net position is used when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by a higher governmental authority or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The remaining component of net position is unrestricted.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both the restricted and unrestricted components of net position are available.

15. Fund Balance Policies and Flow Assumptions

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The government itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The nonspendable fund balance classification represents assets in nonspendable form and includes items such as prepaid expenditures and inventory.

The restricted fund balance classification represents funds that are limited in use due to constraints for a specific purpose through restrictions by external parties, grant agreements, or enabling legislation.

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The board of school directors is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

F. Financial Position - continued

15. Fund Balance Policies and Flow Assumptions - continued

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The board of school directors may assign fund balance. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

The District's unassigned and assigned fund balance of the General Fund should not be less than 5% of the following year's budgeted expenditures. In any fiscal year where the school district is unable to maintain this minimum reservation of fund balance, the school district shall not budget any amount of unassigned fund balance for the purpose of balancing the general fund budget until this level is achieved.

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. The District's policy states there are no restrictions on the order of the unrestricted fund balances used when an expenditure is incurred for a purpose in which unrestricted fund balance amounts are available under committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balance. The decision will be made at the discretion of the business manager.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

H. Adoption of Accounting Standard

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District adopted new accounting guidance GASB Statement No. 96 retroactive to July 1, 2022. GASB Statement No. 96 was issued to (1) define subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs); (2) establish that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset - an intangible asset - and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provide the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) require note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The adoption of this standard had no impact on the financial statements.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Compliance with Finance Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

The District has no material violations of finance related legal and contractual provisions.

B. Deficit Fund Balance or Net Position of Individual Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2023, no individual funds had a deficit fund balance or net position.

C. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Individual Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the general fund had excess expenditures over appropriations of \$7,386,695. These expenditures were covered by budgetary reserves and excess revenues, which included unbudgeted grant revenues.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Under Section 440.1 of the Public School Code of 1949, as amended, the District is permitted to invest funds in the following types of investments:

Obligations of (a) the United States of America or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America, (b) the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the Commonwealth, or (c) any political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the political subdivision.

Deposits in savings accounts, time deposits, or share accounts of institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation to the extent that such accounts are so insured, and for any amounts above the insured maximum, provided that approved collateral as provided by law, therefore, shall be pledged by the depository.

Pennsylvania Act 10 of 2016 became effective May 25, 2016, and expanded the permitted investment types to include commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, negotiable certificates of deposit, and insured bank deposit reciprocals as long as certain safeguards related to credit quality and maturity are met.

The deposit and investment policy of the District adheres to state statutes. There were no deposits or investment transactions during the year that were in violation of either the state statutes or the policy of the District.

The carrying amount of cash and investments at June 30, 2023, consists of the following:

Petty cash	\$ 1,087
Demand deposit accounts	20,796,131
Pooled cash and investments	 16,430,208
	\$ 37,227,426

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. The District does have a policy for custodial credit risk on deposits. At June 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$20,796,131 and the bank balance was \$20,801,687. Of the bank balance, \$257,002 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$20,544,685 was exposed to custodial credit risk but covered by collateralization requirements in accordance with Act 72 of the 1971 Session of the Pennsylvania General Assembly.

Restricted Cash

Included in the District's deposits is \$182,540 of restricted cash held in a trust to support the District's music program.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

Pooled Cash and Investments

As of June 30, 2023, the District had the following pooled cash and investments:

	Maturities	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Level
Pooled Cash and Investments PA School District Liquid Asset Fund:				
MAX Account Balance Less: reconciling items	< 1 year	\$ 8,285,816	\$ 8,285,816 (397,071)	N/A
Total pooled cash			7,888,745	
U.S. Treasury Strips	1-5 years	8,031,654	8,541,463	2
Total pooled cash and investments			\$ 16,430,208	

Certain external investments held by the District, based on portfolio maturity, quality, diversification, and liquidity measures, qualify for measurement at amortized cost at both the pool and participating government level consistent with GASB Statement No. 79. The District measures those investments, which include \$16,827,279 (PSDLAF) at amortized cost. All investments in external investment pools that are not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission are subject to oversight by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

A portion of the District's deposits were in the Pennsylvania School District Liquid Asset Fund (PSDLAF). PSDLAF acts like a money market mutual fund in that the objective is to maintain a stable net asset value of \$1 per share, is rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organization, and is subject to an independent annual audit.

The PSDMAX fund invests in U.S. treasury securities, U.S. government securities, its agencies and instrumentalities, and repurchase agreements, collateralized by such securities and contracted with highly-rated counterparties. Weighted average portfolio maturity for the fund is expected to be kept at or below 60 days. PSDMAX does not have limitations or restrictions on withdrawals.

The District's investment carrying value of \$8,541,463 for the year ended June 30, 2023 is assessed using Level 2 inputs based on significant other observable inputs.

As of June 30, 2023, the entire PSDLAF book balance of \$16,430,208 is considered to be a cash equivalent for presentation on the government-wide and fund financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

Interest Rate Risk

The District has a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

The District has an investment policy that would limit its investment choices to certain credit ratings. As of June 30, 2023, the District's investments were rated as:

	Standard
Investment	& Poor's
PA School District Liquid Asset Fund	AAAm
U.S. Treasury Strips	AAA

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District does not have a policy that would limit the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The District has no investments subject to this risk.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral security that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no investments subject to custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 4 - TAXES RECEIVABLE AND UNAVAILABLE REVENUE

The District has one independently elected tax collector who is responsible for the collection of taxes. Property taxes are levied on July 1 on the assessed value listed as of that date for all taxable real property located in the District. Assessed values are established by the County's Board of Assessment. All taxable real property was assessed at \$762,436,921. In accordance with Act 1 of 2006, the District received \$2,040,708 in property tax reduction funds for the 2022/2023 fiscal year. The District tax rate for the year ended June 30, 2023, was 41.9666 mills (\$41.9666 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation) as levied by the board of school directors. The schedule for real estate taxes levied for each fiscal year is as follows:

July 1 Levy date

July 1 - August 31 2% discount period

September 1 - October 31 Face payment period

November 1 - January 14 10% penalty period

January 15 Lien date - All taxes unpaid become delinquent and are turned over to a third party for collection.

The District, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, recognized the delinquent and unpaid taxes receivable reduced by an allowance for uncollectible taxes as determined by administration. A portion of the net amount estimated to be collectible which was measurable and available within 60 days was recognized as revenue and the balance reported as unavailable revenue under deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements.

The balances at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	Gross Taxes Receivable	lowance for collectible Taxes	Net Estimated to be Collectible	Tax Revenue Recognized	Unavailable Revenue
Real estate	\$ 2,040,827	\$ 38,500	\$ 2,002,327	\$ 115,816	\$ 1,925,011
Earned income tax	11,959	-	11,959	11,959	-
Other	172,809	 	172,809	172,809	
	\$ 2,225,595	\$ 38,500	\$ 2,187,095	\$ 300,584	\$ 1,925,011

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 5 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLES

The following schedule represents intergovernmental receivables at June 30, 2023:

Name of Government Unit	General Fund	nterprise od Service
Commonwealth of PA:		
Pre-K Counts	\$ 511,964	\$ -
Retirement	2,628,413	-
Social Security	508,470	-
National School Lunch/Breakfast Programs	-	611
Transportation subsidy	5,609	-
Federal Subsidies:		
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - PDE	1,218,934	-
Title II Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants - PDE	117,439	-
Title IV Student Support and Academic Enrichment - PDE	97,792	-
Career and Technical Training - PDE	39,276	-
21st Century Community Learning Centers - PDE	82,384	-
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund - PDE	779,303	-
Medical Assistance Program - PA DHS	34,698	-
National School Lunch/Breakfast Programs - PDE	-	18,061
Lancaster-Lebanon Intermediate Unit - Special Education - Grants to States	50,000	-
Montgomery County Intermediate Unit - Special Education - Grants to States	804,772	-
Shippensburg University - Gaining Early Awareness		
and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	181,765	
	\$ 7,060,819	\$ 18,672

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The District had the following interfund receivables/payables at June 30, 2023:

	Interfund Receivables	Interfund Payables	
General Fund Capital Projects Fund Food Service Fund Internal Service Fund	\$ 575,336 - 83,591 1,612,953	\$ 2,249,497 22,383 - -	
	\$ 2,271,880	\$ 2,271,880	

Interfund receivables and payables exist as a result of a time lag between dates when payments between funds are made. All will be paid within one year.

The District made the following interfund transfers during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023:

	Transfers In		Transfers Out	
General Fund Food Service Fund	\$	56,489 -	\$	- 56,489
	\$	56,489	\$	56,489

Transfer was made from the Food Service Fund to the General Fund to cover indirect costs.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 7 - CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, were as follows:

capital asset balances and activity for the year e	inaca sanc 30, 2	.023, W ere as ron	O W 5.	
	Beginning		Reclass/	Ending
	Balance	Increase	Decrease	Balance
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 298,222	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 298,222
Construction-in-progress	457,633	1,337,894	(1,349,317)	446,210
Total not being depreciated	755,855	1,337,894	(1,349,317)	744,432
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and building improvements	95,201,321	280,355	1,349,317	96,830,993
Site improvements	4,300,583	99,878	-	4,400,461
Furniture and equipment	11,634,936	285,352	_	11,920,288
Vehicles	317,093	203,332	_	317,093
Total being depreciated	111,453,933	665,585	1,349,317	113,468,835
rotal being depreciated	111,433,333	003,303	1,545,517	113,400,033
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and building improvements	46,805,659	3,218,251	-	50,023,910
Site improvements	2,772,761	140,619	-	2,913,380
Furniture and equipment	10,112,760	385,817	-	10,498,577
Vehicles	286,857	17,028	-	303,885
Total accumulated depreciation	59,978,037	3,761,715		63,739,752
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	51,475,896	(3,096,130)	1,349,317	49,729,083
depreciated, net	31,473,630	(3,030,130)	1,343,317	49,729,063
Right-to-use lease assets being amortized:				
Equipment	183,432	-	(5,176)	178,256
Less accumulated amortization for:				
Equipment	86,413	83,307	(5,176)	164,544
Total right-to-use lease assets being				
amortized, net	97,019	(83,307)		13,712
amortizeu, net	97,019	(65,507)		15,/12
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES,				
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 52,328,770	\$ (1,841,543)	\$ -	\$ 50,487,227
Business Tune Activities				
Business-Type Activities				
Capital assets being depreciated:	ć 1.001.C1C	ć 0C 220	ċ	ć 4.4C7.04E
Furniture and equipment	\$ 1,081,616	\$ 86,329	\$ -	\$ 1,167,945
Less accumulated depreciation for:	000 071	20.016		024 007
Furniture and equipment	896,071	28,816		924,887
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES,				
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 185,545	\$ 57,513	\$ -	\$ 243,058

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 7 - CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities of the primary government as follows:

Instruction	\$ 874,967
Instructional student support	508,161
Administration and financial support services	244,794
Operation and maintenance of plant services	2,103,352
Pupil transportation	61,513
Student activities	41,801
Community services	 10,434

TOTAL DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION EXPENSE - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$ 3,845,022

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The District issues general obligation bonds to provide resources for major capital improvements. The bonds are issued on a pledge of the full faith and credit of the District as well as their general taxing authority. Bonds payable are as follows at June 30, 2023:

General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2021: The General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2021, aggregate principal of \$9,640,000, were issued on October 7, 2021, for the purpose of currently refunding the outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2016. The bonds mature from January 1, 2022, to January 1, 2031. Interest rates range from 1.0% to 2.0%. Cash flow savings was \$360,204 related to the refunding.

9,510,000

General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2020: The General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2020, aggregate principal of \$9,785,000, were issued on June 25, 2020, for the purpose of currently refunding the outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2013 and 2017 and General Obligation Notes, Series of 2015. The bonds mature from June 1, 2021, to June 1, 2027. Interest rates range from 1.0% to 4.0%. Cash flow savings was \$319,056 related to the refunding.

5,755,000

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

General Obligation Bonds, Series A of 2019: The General Obligation Bonds, Series A of 2019, aggregate principal of \$9,660,000, were issued on November 25, 2019, for the purpose of currently refunding a portion of General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2017. The bonds mature from September 1, 2020, to September 1, 2032. Interest rates range from 1.375% to 4.0%. Cash flow savings was \$519,658 related to the refunding.	9,635,000
General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2019: The General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2019, aggregate principal of \$7,040,000, were issued on March 13, 2019, for the purpose of currently refunding the outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2014. The bonds mature from December 1, 2019, to December 1, 2034. Interest rates range from 1.75% to 3.3%. Cash flow savings was \$702,097 related to the refunding.	6,955,000
General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2018: The General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2018, aggregate principal of \$9,315,000, were issued on December 11, 2018, for the purpose of currently refunding the outstanding General Obligation Note, Series of 2000. The bonds mature from April 1, 2019, to October 1, 2027. Interest rates range from 2.0% to 3.0%.	5,590,000

The future annual payments required to amortize all bonds payable for the years ending June 30 are as follows:

	Principal	Interest
2024	\$ 2,685,000	\$ 988,389
2025	2,780,000	894,404
2026	2,870,000	803,771
2027	2,960,000	712,421
2028	3,065,000	608,121
2029-2033	16,360,000	2,093,095
2034-2035	6,725,000	210,429
	\$ 37,445,000	\$ 6,310,630

Total bonds payable \$ 37,445,000

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

Events of Default

The District's general obligation bonds and notes contain a provision that in the event of default of non-payment of principal and interest, the School Code allows for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to withhold monies from the School District subsidies and pay any past due amounts directly to the paying agent for payment to the bond holders or financial institution.

Leases

The District has entered into lease agreements for copiers. The leases have termination dates of August 2023. These leases include monthly payments of principal and interest at rates ranging from 5.67% to 9.70%. The leases are secured by the underlying equipment.

Future lease maturities as of June 30 are as follows:

	Principal		Int	erest	Total		
2024	\$	14,454	\$	106	\$	14,560	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities General obligation bonds:					
Bonds payable	\$ 40,040,000	\$ -	\$ 2,595,000	\$ 37,445,000	\$ 2,685,000
Bond discounts	(124,317)	-	(11,958)	(112,359)	-
Bond premiums	978,123	-	172,649	805,474	-
Total bonds payable, net	40,893,806		2,755,691	38,138,115	2,685,000
Leases payable	99,358		84,904	14,454	14,454
• •		- 	•	•	14,434
Compensated absences	551,829	534,978	549,234	537,573	-
Net pension liability	69,581,138	19,017,149	8,950,245	79,648,042	-
Net other postemployment benefit liabilities	9,088,911		3,192,835	5,896,076	
Total Governmental Long-term Liabilities	\$ 120,215,042	\$ 19,552,127	\$ 15,532,909	\$ 124,234,260	\$ 2,699,454
Business-Type Activities	A 04.570	4 7 040	40.000	. 24 24 5	
Compensated absences	\$ 24,578	\$ 7,340	\$ 10,003	\$ 21,915	\$ -
Net pension liability	830,862	1,023,616	187,520	1,666,958	-
Net other postemployment benefit liabilities	235,984		97,562	138,422	
Total Business-Type Long-term Liabilities	\$ 1,091,424	\$ 1,030,956	\$ 295,085	\$ 1,827,295	\$ -

Total interest expense paid during the year was \$1,084,249. Funds to repay outstanding bonds and leases will be provided from future taxes or other general revenues of the general fund. The compensated absence liabilities will be liquidated by the general fund and the food service fund. The net pension and PSERS OPEB Plan portion of the OPEB liability will be liquidated through future contributions to PSERS at the statutory rates; contributions will be made from the general and food service funds. The District OPEB Plan portion of the OPEB liability will be liquidated through future payments from the general and food service funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS

Employee Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information About the Pension Plan

Plan Description

PSERS (the System) is a governmental cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania under Title 24 Part IV of the Pennsylvania General Assembly. The members eligible to participate in the System include all full-time public school employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year, and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.psers.pa.gov.

Benefits Provided

PSERS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Members are eligible for monthly retirement benefits upon reaching (a) age 62 with at least one year of credited service; (b) age 60 with 30 or more years of credited service; or (c) 35 or more years of service regardless of age. Act 120 of 2010 (Act 120) preserves the benefits of existing members and introduced benefit reductions for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2011. Act 120 created two new membership classes, Membership Class T-E (Class T-E) and Membership Class T-F (Class T-F). To qualify for normal retirement, Class T-E and Class T-F members must work until age 65 with a minimum of three years of service or attain a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than 92 with a minimum of 35 years of service.

Act 5 of 2017 (Act 5) introduced a hybrid benefit plan with two membership classes and a separate defined contribution plan for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2019. Act 5 created two new hybrid membership classes, Membership class T-G (Class T-G) and Membership Class T-H (Class T-H) and the separate defined contribution membership class, Membership Class DC (Class DC). To qualify for normal retirement, class T-G and Class T-H members must work until age 67 with a minimum of 3 years of service. Class T-G may also qualify for normal retirement by attaining a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than 97 with a minimum 35 years of credited service.

Benefits are generally equal to 1.0% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service. For members whose membership started prior to July 1, 2011, after completion of five years of service, a member's right to the defined benefits is vested and early retirement benefits may be elected. For Class T-E and Class T-F members, the right to benefits is vested after 10 years of service.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

Employee Defined Benefit Pension Plan - continued

General Information About the Pension Plan - continued

Benefits Provided - continued

Participants are eligible for disability retirement benefits after completion of five years of credited service. Such benefits are generally equal to 2.0% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service, but not less than one-third of such salary nor greater than the benefit the member would have had at normal retirement age. Members over normal retirement age may apply for disability benefits.

Death benefits are payable upon the death of an active member who has reached age 62 with at least one year of credited service (age 65 with at least three years of credited service for Class T-E and Class T-F members), or who has at least five years of credited service (10 years for Class T-E and Class T-F members). Such benefits are actuarially equivalent to the benefit that would have been effective if the member had retired on the day before death.

Contributions

The contribution policy is set by state statute and requires contributions by active members, employers, and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The contribution rates based on qualified member compensation for virtually all members are presented below:

	Member Contribution Rates						
Membership	Membership Continuous Employment Defined Benefit (DB) DC Contribution						
Class	Since	Contribution Rate	Rate	Total Contribution Rate			
T-C	Prior to July 22, 1983	5.25%	N/A	5.25%			
1-0	Filor to July 22, 1983	3.23/0	IN/A	6.25%			
T-C	On or after July 22, 1983	6.25%	N/A	6.25%			
T-D	Prior to July 22, 1983	6.50%	N/A	6.50%			
T-D	On or after July 22, 1983	7.50%	N/A	7.50%			
		7.50% base rate with		Prior to 7/1/21: 7.50%			
T-E	On or after July 1, 2011	shared risk provision	N/A	After 7/1/21: 8.00%			
		10.30% base rate with		Prior to 7/1/21: 10.30%			
T-F	On or after July 1, 2011	shared risk provision	N/A	After 7/1/21: 10.80%			
		5.50% base rate with		Prior to 7/1/21: 8.25%			
T-G	On or after July 1, 2019	shared risk provision	2.75%	After 7/1/21: 9.00%			
		4.50% base rate with		Prior to 7/1/21: 7.50%			
т-н	On or after July 1, 2019	shared risk provision	3.00%	After 7/1/21: 8.25%			
DC	On or after July 1, 2019	N/A	7.50%	7.50%			

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

Employee Defined Benefit Pension Plan - continued

General Information About the Pension Plan - continued

Contributions - continued

Shared Risk Program Summary							
Membership	Defined Benefit (DB) Base	Shared Risk					
Class	Rate	Increment	Minimum	Maximum			
T-E	7.50%	+/- 0.50%	5.50%	9.50%			
T-F	10.30%	+/- 0.50%	8.30%	12.50%			
T-G	5.50%	+/- 0.75%	2.50%	8.50%			
T-H	4.50%	+/- 0.75%	1.50%	7.50%			

Employer Contributions:

The school districts' contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, was 34.31% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the District were \$10,328,939 for the year ended June 30, 2023. Contributions to the defined contribution plan from the District were \$60,210 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

The District is also required to contribute a percentage of covered payroll to PSERS for healthcare insurance premium assistance. Under the current legislation, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania reimburses the District for no less than one-half of the employer contributions made, including contributions related to pension and healthcare. This arrangement does not meet the criteria of a special funding situation in accordance with GASB Standards. Therefore, the net pension liability and related pension expense represents 100% of the District's share of these amounts. The total reimbursement recognized by the District for the year ended June 30, 2023, for pension and OPEB benefits was \$7,464,149.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

Employee Defined Benefit Pension Plan - continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$81,315,000 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by rolling forward the System's total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported contributions as it relates to the total one-year reported contributions. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.1829%, which was an increase of 0.0114% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$6,619,459. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		eferred tflows of	_	eferred flows of
	Resources			esources
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$	37,000 2,428,000	\$	703,000
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings	_	-,420,000		1,379,000
Changes in proportion - plan level	3	3,942,000		815,000
Changes in proportion - internal		40,583		40,583
Difference between employer contributions and				
proportionate share of total contributions		61,603		-
Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	10),328,939		-
	\$ 16	5,838,125	\$	2,937,583

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

Employee Defined Benefit Pension Plan - continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - continued

The \$10,328,939 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows for the years ending June 30:

2024	\$ 968,932	2
2025	1,463,620)
2026	(790,729	9)
2027	1,929,780)
	\$ 3,571,603	3

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability at June 30, 2022, was determined by rolling forward the System's total pension liability at June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial valuation date June 30, 2021
- Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal level % of pay.
- Investment return 7.00%, includes inflation at 2.75%.
- Salary growth Effective average of 4.50%, comprised of inflation of 2.50% and 2.00% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Mortality rates were based on a blend of 50% PubT-2010 and 50% PubG-2010 Retiree Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2020 Mortality Improvement Scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study that was performed for the five year period ending June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

Employee Defined Benefit Pension Plan - continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - continued

Actuarial Assumptions - continued

The PSERS pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the PSERS Board. Plan assets are managed with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension.

The PSERS Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2022 is:

		Long-Term
		Expected
	Target	Real Rate of
	Allocation	Return
		•
Global public equity	28.0%	5.3%
Private equity	12.0%	8.0%
Fixed income	33.0%	2.3%
Commodities	9.0%	2.3%
Infrastructure/ MLPs	9.0%	5.4%
Real estate	11.0%	4.6%
Absolute return	6.0%	3.5%
Cash	3.0%	0.5%
Leverage	(11.0%)	0.5%
	100.0%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

Employee Defined Benefit Pension Plan - continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - continued

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage point lower (6.00%) or one-percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Current				
	1% Decrease 6.00%	Discount Rate 7.00%	1% Increase 8.00%		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 105,175,000	\$ 81,315,000	\$ 61,198,000		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be found on the System's website at www.psers.pa.gov.

Payables to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2023, the District had an accrued balance due to PSERS, including contributions related to pension and OPEB of \$6,527,939. This amount represents the District's contractually obligated contributions for wages earned in April 2023 through June 2023.

403(b) Tax Shelter Plan

The District has established a 403(b) tax shelter plan permitting the establishment of accounts for school employees to voluntarily set aside monies to supplement their retirement income. All school employees are eligible to participate. The District does not contribute to the plan.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Employee Defined Benefit Other Postemployment Benefit Plans

The District has other postemployment benefits (OPEB) under 2 different plans: (1) a cost-sharing, multiple employer, employee defined benefit other postemployment benefits plan administered through PSERS (PSERS OPEB Plan) and (2) a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan (District OPEB Plan). The District's aggregate net OPEB liability and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Plan		Net OPEB Liability		(Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
PSERS OPEB Plan District OPEB Plan		\$	3,380,000 2,654,498	\$	\$ 859,786 871,315		941,000 3,661,108	
	Total	\$	6,034,498	\$	1,731,101	\$	4,602,108	

PSERS OPEB Plan

General Information About the PSERS OPEB Plan

Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program

PSERS (the System) provides Premium Assistance which is a governmental, cost-sharing, multiple-employer, other postemployment benefits plan (OPEB) for all eligible retirees who qualify and elect to participate. Employer contribution rates for Premium Assistance are established to provide reserves in the Health Insurance Account that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Effective January 1, 2002, under the provisions of Act 9 of 2001, participating eligible retirees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$100 per month or their out-of-pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance, eligible retirees must obtain their health insurance through either their school employer or the PSERS' Health Options Program (HOP). As of June 30, 2022, there were no assumed future benefit increases to participating eligible retirees.

<u>Premium Assistance Eligibility Criteria</u>

Retirees of the System can participate in the Premium Assistance Program if they satisfy the following criteria:

- Have 24 ½ or more years of service, or
- Are a disability retiree, or
- Have 15 or more years of service and retired after reaching superannuation age.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

PSERS OPEB Plan - continued

General Information About the PSERS OPEB Plan - continued

Premium Assistance Eligibility Criteria - continued

For Class DC members to become eligible for Premium Assistance, they must satisfy the following criteria:

- Attain Medicare eligibility with 24 ½ or more eligibility points, or
- Have 15 or more eligibility points and terminated after age 67, and
- Have received all or part of the distributions.

Pension Plan Description

PSERS is a governmental, cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The members eligible to participate in the System include all full-time public school employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year, and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.psers.pa.gov.

Benefits Provided

Participating eligible retirees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$100 per month or their out-of-pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance, eligible retirees must obtain their health insurance through either their school employer or the PSERS' Health Options Program.

Contributions

The contribution policy is set by state statute. A portion of each employer's contribution is set aside for premium assistance. The school districts' contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, was 0.75% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$225,786 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

PSERS OPEB Plan - continued

General Information About the PSERS OPEB Plan - continued

Contributions - continued

The District is also required to contribute a percentage of covered payroll to PSERS for pension benefits. Under the current legislation, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania reimburses the District for no less than one-half of the employer contributions made, including contributions related to pension and healthcare. This arrangement does not meet the criteria of a special funding situation in accordance with GASB Standards. Therefore, the net PSERS OPEB Plan liability and related expense represents 100% of the District's share of these amounts. The total reimbursement recognized by the District for the year ended June 30, 2023, for pension and OPEB benefits was \$7,464,149.

PSERS OPEB Plan Liability, Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$3,380,000 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by rolling forward the System's total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.1836%, which was an increase of 0.0112% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$106,070. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred tflows of esources	In	eferred flows of esources
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings Changes in proportion Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	\$	31,000 375,000 9,000 219,000 225,786	\$	18,000 798,000 - 125,000
	\$	859,786	\$	941,000

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

PSERS OPEB Plan - continued

PSERS OPEB Plan Liability, Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - continued

The \$225,786 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows for the years ending June 30:

2024	\$	(79,000)
2025		(61,000)
2026		(42,000)
2027		(60,000)
2028		(65,000)
	\$	(307,000)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022, was determined by rolling forward the System's total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial valuation data June 30, 2021.
- Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal level % of pay.
- Investment return 4.09% S&P 20 Year Municipal Bond Rate.
- Salary growth Effective average of 4.50%, comprised of inflation of 2.50% and 2.00% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Premium Assistance reimbursement is capped at \$1,200 per year.
- Assumed Healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees with less than \$1,200 in premium assistance per year.
- Mortality rates were based on a blend of 50% PubT-2010 and 50% PubG-202 Retiree Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2020 Mortality Improvement Scale.
- Participation rate:
 - o Eligible retirees will elect to participate Pre-age 65 at 50%
 - Eligible retirees will elect to participate Post-age 65 at 70%

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study that was performed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

For the June 30, 2022 measurement date, the discount rate was increased from 2.18% to 4.09%.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

PSERS OPEB Plan - continued

PSERS OPEB Plan Liability, Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - continued

Actuarial Assumptions - continued

The following assumptions were used to determine the contribution rate:

- The results of the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, determined the employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2022.
- Cost Method: Amount necessary to assure solvency of Premium Assistance through the third fiscal year after the valuation date.
- Asset valuation method: Market Value.
- Participation rate: The actual data for retirees benefiting under the Plan as of June 30, 2021 was used in lieu of the 63% utilization assumption for eligible retirees.
- Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale.

Investments consist primarily of short-term assets designed to protect the principal of the plan assets. The expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using the OPEB asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each asset class.

The OPEB plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the PSERS Board. Under the program, as defined in the retirement code, employer contribution rates for Premium Assistance are established to provide reserves in the Health Insurance Account that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year.

The PSERS Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2022, is:

			Long-Term
		Target	Expected Real
	Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Cash		100.0%	0.5%

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

PSERS OPEB Plan - continued

PSERS OPEB Plan Liability, Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - continued

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.09%. Under the plan's funding policy, contributions are structured for short-term funding of Premium Assistance. The funding policy sets contribution rates necessary to assure solvency of Premium Assistance through the third fiscal year after the actuarial valuation date. The Premium Assistance account is funded to establish reserves that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Due to the short-term funding policy, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to meet projected future benefit payments, therefore the plan is considered a "pay-as-you-go" plan. A discount rate of 4.09% which represents the S&P 20-year Municipal Bond Rate at June 30, 2022, was applied to all projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

Healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees receiving less than \$1,200 in annual Premium Assistance. As of June 30, 2022, retirees Premium Assistance benefits are not subject to future healthcare cost increases. The annual Premium Assistance reimbursement for qualifying retirees is capped at a maximum of \$1,200. As of June 30, 2022, 93,293 retirees were receiving the maximum amount allowed of \$1,200 per year and 582 members were receiving less than the maximum amount allowed of \$1,200 per year. The actual number of retirees receiving less than the \$1,200 per year cap is a small percentage of the total population and has a minimal impact on Healthcare Cost Trends as depicted below.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for the June 30, 2022 measurement date, calculated using current Healthcare cost trends as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if the health cost trends were one-percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Current Trend						
	1% Decrease			Rate		1% Increase	
District's proportionate share of the							
net OPEB liability	\$	3,379,000	\$	3,380,000	\$	3,380,000	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

PSERS OPEB Plan - continued

PSERS OPEB Plan Liability, Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - continued

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate of 4.09%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage point lower (3.09%) or one-percentage point higher (5.09%) than the current rate:

		Current				
	1% Decrease 3.09%		Discount Rate 4.09%		1% Increase 5.09%	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	3,822,000	\$	3,380,000	\$	3,010,000

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be found on the System's website at www.psers.pa.gov.

Payables Related to the Plan

At June 30, 2023, the District had an accrued balance due to PSERS, including contributions related to pension and OPEB of \$6,527,939. This amount represents the District's contractually obligated contributions for wages earned in April 2023 through June 2023.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

District OPEB Plan

General Information About the District OPEB Plan

Plan Description

Pottstown School District administers a single-employer, defined benefit, healthcare plan (the OPEB Plan). The District OPEB Plan provides medical, prescription drug insurance, and dental for eligible retirees through the District's health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members until the member reaches Medicare age. Benefit provisions are established through negotiation with the District and the unions representing the District's employees. The OPEB Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report and no assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

Benefits Provided

The District classifies employees in the following categories: Executive Team, Administrators, Teachers, and All Other Employees. Contribution requirements are negotiated between the District and union representatives. Below is a summary of the postemployment benefits provided to each of these groups:

I. Executive Team

ELIGIBILITY	COVERAGE AND PREMIUM SHARING	DURATION
Must have 25 years of	Coverage	• For Medical, Prescription
service with the	Medical, Prescription Drug, Vision, Dental, and Life	Drug, Dental, and Vision,
district and be eligible	Insurance.	members are covered
for PSERS retirement.		until eligible for Medicare.
	Premium Sharing	Spouses are covered until
	District pays full premium for Medical, Prescription	eligible for Medicare.
	Drug, Vision, and Dental.	
		Grandfathered Retiree: One
	<u>Dependents</u>	retiree receives Medical,
	Spouse included.	Prescription Drug, Dental, and
		Vision until age 72.
	Grandfathered Retiree: two retirees receive fully	
	District-paid life insurance in the amount of \$50,000	
	until ages 70 and 72.	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

District OPEB Plan - continued

General Information About the District OPEB Plan - continued

Benefits Provided - continued

II. Administrators

ELIGIBILITY	COVERAGE AND PREMIUM SHARING		DU	IRATIO	ON	
Must have 25 years of	Coverage	•	For Med	ical,	Prescrip	otion
service with the	Medical, Prescription Drug, Vision, and Dental.		Drug mer	nbers	are cov	ered
district and be eligible			until eligi	ole fo	r Medica	ire.
for PSERS retirement.	Premium Sharing	•	Dental ar	d visi	on cove	rage
	Member must pay full premium for Vision and Dental.		continues	for t	the lifet	imes
	For Medical and Prescription Drug, District will pay 100%		of the me	mber	and spo	use.
	of the single coverage premium for the core plan.	•	Spouses	are c	overed	until
	Member pays for the remainder of the premium.		eligible f	or M	ledicare	but
			must pa	y 10	0% of	the
	If the member does not meet the requirements for the		premium			
	district subsidy but requirements are met for the Act					
	110/43 benefit, the member and spouse may continue					
	coverage by paying the full premium as determined for					
	the purpose of COBRA.					
	<u>Dependents</u>					
	Spouse and Family are included.					

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

District OPEB Plan - continued

General Information About the District OPEB Plan - continued

Benefits Provided - continued

III. Teachers

ELIGIBILITY	COVERAGE AND PREMIUM SHARING		DURATION
A) Retired between July 1, 2007, and		•	Member and spouse are covered until
June 30, 2008, or	<u> </u>		eligible for
Between July 1,			Medicare.
2009, and July 1, 2019	Member must pay full premium for Vision and Dental. If the member reaches 20 years of PSERS service with 15 years of District service (20 years of District service if retired prior to		Upon death of the member, the spouse and any eligible
N/A - Already Retired	July 1, 2016) and is eligible for PSERS retirement, the District will pay 100% of the single premium for the core plan up to \$5,500 per year (\$5,000 if retired prior to July 1, 2015) for up to ten years. The member pays the remainder of the premium.		dependents can continue coverage until the spouse is eligible for Medicare but must pay 100%
	If the member does not reach the requirements for the district subsidy but meets the requirements for Act 110/43, the member and spouse may continue coverage by paying the full premium as determined for the purpose of COBRA.		of the premium.
	<u>Dependents</u> Spouse and Family are included.		

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

District OPEB Plan - continued

General Information About the District OPEB Plan - continued

Benefits Provided - continued

III. Teachers - continued

July 1, 2019 and	Same as IIIA except subsidy is for 8 years	Same as IIIA
June 30, 2020 N/A Already retired		
C) Retired after July 1, 2020	Act 110/43	Same as IIIA
Act 110/43		

IV. All Other Employees

A) Retired before July 1, 2022	Same as IIIA	Same as II
N/A Already Retired		
B) Retired on or after July 1, 2022	Act 110/43	Same as IIIA
ACT 110/43		

Act 110/43 Eligibility: All employees are eligible for this benefit upon retirement with 30 years of PSERS service or upon superannuation retirement.

Act 110/43 Coverage and Premium Sharing: Retired employees are allowed to continue coverage for themselves and their dependents in the employer's group health plan until the retired employee reaches Medicare age. In order to obtain coverage, retired employees must provide payment equal to the premium determined for the purpose of COBRA.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

District OPEB Plan - continued

General Information About the District OPEB Plan - continued

PSERS Retirement:

- 1) Pension Class T-C or T-D: An employee is eligible for PSERS retirement if he or she is eligible for either i) PSERS early retirement while under 62 with 5 years of PSERS service or ii) PSERS superannuation retirement upon reaching age 60 with 30 years of PSERS service, age 62 with 1 year of PSERS service or 35 year of PSERS service regardless of age. In general, these pension classes apply to individuals who were members of PSERS prior to July 1, 2011.
- 2) Pension Class T-E or T-F: An employee is eligible for PSERS retirement if he or she is eligible for either i) PSERS early retirement while under 65 with 10 years of PSERS service or ii) PSERS superannuation retirement upon reaching age 65 with 3 years of PSERS service or upon attainment of total combination of age plus service equal to or greater than 92 with a minimum of 35 years of PSERS service. In general, these pension classes apply to individuals who became members of PSERS on or after July 1, 2011 and prior to July 1, 2019.
- 3) Pension Class T-G: An employee is eligible for PSERS retirement if he or she is eligible for either i) PSERS early retirement while under 67 with 10 years of PSERS service or ii) PSERS superannuation retirement upon reaching age 67 with 3 years of PSERS service or upon attainment of total combination of age plus service equal to or greater than 97 with a minimum of 35 years of PSERS service. In general, this pension class applies to individuals who became members of PSERS on or after July 1, 2019.
- 4) Pension Class T-H: An employee is eligible for PSERS retirement if he (or she) is eligible for either: a) PSERS early retirement while under 67 with 10 years of PSERS service or b) PSERS superannuation retirement upon reaching age 67 with 3 years of PSERS. In general, this pension class applies to individuals who became members of PSERS on or after July 1, 2019.
- 5) All individuals except those in Pension Class T-G are eligible for a special early retirement upon reaching age 55 with 25 years of PSERS service. Individuals in Pension Class T-G are eligible for a special early retirement upon reaching age 57 with 25 years of PSERS service.

Coordination with Medicare: District plan pays primary. Medicare pays secondary.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

District OPEB Plan - continued

General Information About the District OPEB Plan - continued

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At July 1, 2022, the date of the most recent actuary valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active participants	449
Retired participants	28
Total	477

OPEB Liability

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability as of July 1, 2022, was determined by rolling forward the District's total OPEB liability as of July 1, 2021 to July 1, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

- Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal.
- Salary increases 2.50% cost of living adjustment, 1.5% real wage growth, and for teachers and administrators a merit increase which varies by age from 2.75% to 0%.
- Discount rate 4.06% based on the Standard & Poor's Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index at July 1, 2022.
- Mortality rates PubT-2010 headcount-weighted mortality table including rates for contingent survivors for teachers. PubG-2010 headcount-weighted mortality table including rates for contingent survivors for all other employees.
- Healthcare cost trend rates 6.5% in 2022, 6.0% in 2023 and 5.5% in 2024-2025. Rates gradually
 decrease from 5.4% in 2026 to 3.9% in 2075 and later based on the Society of Actuaries Long-Run
 Medical Cost Trend Model.
- Participation rates For Administrators and Executive Team, 100% are assumed to elect coverage if eligible for the district subsidy and 80% otherwise. For the Teachers and Support Staff, 70% are assumed to elect coverage.

The actuarial assumptions were selected using input from the District based on actual experience.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

District OPEB Plan - continued

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total C Liabil	
Balance at July 1, 2022	\$	5,239,895
Changes for the year: Service cost		358,488
Interest		123,343
Changes of benefit terms		(811,777)
Differences between expected actual experience		(1,015,280)
Changes of assumptions		(891,981)
Benefit payments		(348,190)
Net changes		(2,585,397)
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	2,654,498

Changes of assumptions or other inputs reflect the following changes: (1) the discount rate changed from 2.28% to 4.06% (2) the healthcare cost trend and election assumptions were updated (3) assumptions for salary, mortality, withdrawal and retirement were updated based on the new PSERS assumptions.

Changes of benefit terms: All other employees no longer get a \$5,500 subsidy. They can retire under normal ACT 110/43.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage point lower (3.06%) or one-percentage point higher (5.06%) than the current discount rate:

		Current				
	1% Decrease	1% Increase				
	3.06%	4.06%	5.06%			
OPEB Plan - Total OPEB Liability	\$ 2,833,835	\$ 2,654,498	\$ 2,485,045			

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

District OPEB Plan - continued

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability - continued

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one-percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current	
		Healthcare	
		Cost Trend	
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
OPEB Plan - Total OPEB Liability	\$ 2,416,765	\$ 2,654,498	\$ 2,932,637

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized an OPEB expense reduction of \$595,008. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments made subsequent to the measurement date	\$ - 599,007 272,308	\$ 2,469,324 1,191,784
	\$ 871,315	\$ 3,661,108

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

District OPEB Plan - continued

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - continued

The \$272,308 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB liabilities resulting from benefit payments made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows for the years ending June 30:

2024	\$ (265,062)
2025	(265,062)
2026	(265,062)
2027	(265,062)
2028	(265,062)
Thereafter	(1,736,791)
Total	\$ (3,062,101)

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Significant losses are covered by commercial insurance for all major programs except for workers' compensation for which the District retains risk of loss. The District monitors their insured programs, hasn't reduced any insurance coverage in the 22/23 year, and increases insurance coverage as needed. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

Currently, the District is self-insured for medical and prescription insurance for employees and their dependents. The District is a member of the Southeastern Pennsylvania Schools Trust (SEPaST), a healthcare benefits consortium geared toward generating cost savings for participating school districts. The District uses SEPaST to provide consulting and administrative services to process claims within the self-insurance fund. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District has coverage for claims in excess of \$250,000 per person with no annual aggregate limit.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT - CONTINUED

Changes in claims are as follows for the years ended June 30:

	20	23	20	022
Claims payable, beginning of year Incurred claims Claims paid	•	- 89,673 89,673)	-	- 092,172 092,172)
Claims payable, end of year	\$	_	\$	

As of June 30, 2023, the District maintains a balance of \$3,090,295 in an escrow account held for future healthcare claims in compliance with the rating and funding policy of the Southeastern Pennsylvania Schools Trust (SEPaST).

NOTE 12 - CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

The District receives federal and state funding through a number of programs. Payments made by these sources under contractual agreements are provisional and subject to redetermination based on filing reports and audits of those reports. Final settlements due from or to these sources are recorded in the year in which the related services are performed. Any adjustments resulting from subsequent examinations are recognized in the year in which the results of such examinations become known. District officials do not expect any significant adjustments as a result of these examinations.

The District is the defendant in several lawsuits arising in the normal course of operations. In the opinion of the administration, the outcome of these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, no provision for losses has been recorded.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 12 - CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS - CONTINUED

At June 30, 2023 the District has entered into contracts for various capital purposes. Commitments are as follows at June 30, 2023.

	Contract Amount		Commitmen Remaining		
Building envelope repairs HS hot water replacement HS sanitary sewer replacement Utility vehicle and tractor	\$	688,363 178,334 93,424 52,498	\$	363,124 178,334 93,424 52,498	
Total	\$	1,012,619	\$	687,380	

The District plans to use existing resources in the general and capital projects fund to fulfill these commitments.

NOTE 13 - FUND BALANCE

Details of the District's governmental fund balance reporting and policy can be found in Note 1, *Summary of Significant Accounting Policies*. Fund balance classifications for the year ended June 30, 2023, are as follows:

General Fund

The General Fund has nonspendable funds of \$282,424 related to prepaid expenditures. Restricted funds are \$182,540 for the District's music programs. Committed funds are \$3,799,409 for retirement rate increases. Assigned funds are \$9,535,435 for future capital needs, \$2,927,544 for charter school/special education tuition, \$2,102,329 for transportation, and \$679,635 for appropriations for the 2023/2024 budget. The remaining fund balance of \$6,394,253 is unassigned. The commitment was authorized by the board of school directors' motion to set aside resources to fund anticipated increases in PSERS contributions.

Capital Projects Fund

The capital projects fund has restricted funds of \$2,274,297 as authorized by Municipal Code P.L. 145 Act of April 30, 1943 and comprised of surplus money transferred from the general fund for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and qualifying capital assets.

Nonmajor Fund

The nonmajor fund has restricted funds of \$375,659 for student activities.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

NOTE 14 - NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following standards which have not yet been implemented:

- Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections an Amendment of Statement No. 62 The primary objective of this statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The requirements of this statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged.
- Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences The primary objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged.

The District has not yet completed the analysis necessary to determine the actual financial statement impact of these new pronouncements.



BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amount		Actual	Variances Final to
	Original	Final	(GAAP) Basis	Actual
REVENUES				
Local sources	\$ 33,038,767	\$ 33,801,906	\$ 36,794,702	\$ 2,992,796
State sources	31,300,011	31,300,011	39,082,779	7,782,768
Federal sources	9,388,531	8,625,392	6,666,519	(1,958,873)
TOTAL REVENUES	73,727,309	73,727,309	82,544,000	8,816,691
EXPENDITURES				
INSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES:				
Regular programs - elementary/secondary	29,126,516	29,126,516	26,841,932	2,284,584
Special programs - elementary/secondary	12,228,073	12,228,073	16,368,213	(4,140,140)
Vocational education	1,279,589	1,279,589	1,380,883	(101,294)
Other instructional programs - elementary/secondary	2,205,905	2,205,905	1,526,414	679,491
Instruction - nonpublic school programs	-	-	10,456	(10,456)
Pre-kindergarten	2,465,499	2,465,499	3,125,522	(660,023)
TOTAL INSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES	47,305,582	47,305,582	49,253,420	(1,947,838)
SUPPORT SERVICES:				
Students	2,185,016	2,185,016	4,560,132	(2,375,116)
Instructional staff	1,767,485	1,767,485	2,956,638	(1,189,153)
Administration	4,155,844	4,155,844	4,338,201	(1,183,133)
Pupil health	1,193,617	1,193,617	1,503,989	(310,372)
Business services	999,104	999,104	1,107,971	(108,867)
Operation and maintenance of plant	5,971,653	5,971,653	6,299,210	(327,557)
Student transportation	3,098,798	3,098,798	2,635,589	463,209
Central	605,941	605,941	691,797	(85,856)
Other		<u> </u>	15,945	(15,945)
TOTAL SUPPORT SERVICES	19,977,458	19,977,458	24,109,472	(4,132,014)
OPERATION OF NONINSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES				
Student activities	895,844	895,844	1,391,144	(495,300)
Community services	82,566	82,566	102,022	(19,456)
community services	02,300	02,300	102,022	(15,450)
TOTAL OPERATION OF NONINSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES	978,410	978,410	1,493,166	(514,756)
CAPITAL OUTLAY	680,000	680,000	1,433,676	(753,676)
DEBT SERVICE	3,725,991	3,725,991	3,764,153	(38,162)
REFUND OF PRIOR YEAR REVENUES			249	(249)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	72,667,441	72,667,441	80,054,136	(7,386,695)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	1,059,868	1,059,868	2,489,864	1,429,996
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	-	-	56,489	56,489
Budgetary reserve	(1,800,000)	(1,800,000)		1,800,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(1,800,000)	(1,800,000)	56,489	1,856,489
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ (740,132)	\$ (740,132)	2,546,353	\$ 3,286,485
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR			23,357,216	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$ 25,903,569	
TOTAL PARAMETERS OF TEAM			7 23,303,303	

NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2023

BUDGETARY DATA

The budget for the general fund is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the PDE 2028 when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all 2022/2023 budget transfers.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Individual Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the general fund had excess expenditures over appropriations of \$7,386,695. These expenditures were covered by budgetary reserves and excess revenues, which included unbudgeted grant revenues.

Budgetary Compliance

The District's only legally adopted budget is for the General Fund. All budgetary transfers were made within the last nine months of the fiscal year. The District cancels all purchase orders open at year-end; therefore, it does not have any outstanding encumbrances at June 30, 2023. In addition, the District includes a portion of the prior year's fund balance represented by unappropriated liquid assets remaining in the fund as budgeted revenue in the succeeding year. The results of operations on a GAAP basis do not recognize the fund balance allocation as revenue as it represents prior period's excess of revenues over expenditures.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - PENSION PLAN

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of the collective net pension liability	0.1829%	0.1715%	0.1729%	0.1769%	0.1758%	0.1868%	0.1834%	0.1829%	0.1848%	0.1846%
District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 81,315,000	\$ 70,412,000	\$ 85,134,000	\$ 82,758,000	\$ 84,393,000	\$ 92,258,000	\$ 90,887,000	\$ 79,224,000	\$ 73,145,000	\$ 75,568,000
District's covered payroll	\$ 27,001,394	\$ 24,433,194	\$ 24,384,815	\$ 24,402,959	\$ 23,671,230	\$ 24,876,388	\$ 23,752,630	\$ 23,528,030	\$ 23,582,695	\$ 23,691,286
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	301.15%	288.18%	349.13%	339.13%	356.52%	370.87%	382.64%	336.72%	310.16%	318.97%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.34%	63.67%	54.32%	55.66%	54.00%	51.84%	50.14%	54.36%	57.24%	54.50%

The District's covered payroll noted above is as of the measurement date of the net pension liability, which is one year prior to the fiscal year end.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

Changes in benefit terms

With the passage of Act 5 on June 12, 2017, class T-E & T-F members are now permitted to elect a lump sum payment of member contributions upon retirement.

Changes in assumptions used in measurement of the Total Pension Liability beginning June 30, 2021

- The discount rate decreased from 7.25% to 7.00%. The inflation assumption was decreased from 2.75% to 2.50%. Payroll growth assumption decreased from 3.50% to 3.25%.
- Salary growth changed from an effective average of 5.00%, which was comprised of inflation of 2.75%, real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases of 2.25%, to an effective average of 4.50%, comprised of inflation of 2.50% and 2.00% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Mortality rates were modified from the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females to a blended table based on 50% PubT-2010 Employee (Total Teacher dataset) and 50% PubG-2010 (Total General Employees data), adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version MP-2020.
- For disabled annuitants the rates were modified from the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females to Pub-2010 Disability Mortality Non-Safety Headcount Weighted table, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2020.

Changes in assumptions used in measurement of the Total Pension Liability beginning June 30, 2016

- The investment rate of return was adjusted from 7.50% to 7.25%. The inflation assumption was decreased from 3.00% to 2.75%.
- Salary growth changed from an effective average of 5.50%, which was comprised of inflation of 3.00%, real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases of 2.50%, to an effective average of 5.00%, comprised of inflation of 2.75% and 2.25% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Mortality rates were modified from the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Annuitant Tables (male and female) with age set back 3 years for both males and females to the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale. For disabled annuitants the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Tables (male and female) with age set back 7 years for males and 3 years for females to the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION PLAN

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 10,328,939	\$ 9,137,765	\$ 8,197,381	\$ 8,152,482	\$ 7,858,587	\$ 7,903,347	\$ 7,477,384	\$ 5,834,012	\$ 4,696,902	\$ 3,732,485
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	10,328,939	9,137,765	8,197,381	8,152,482	7,858,587	7,903,347	7,477,384	5,834,012	4,696,902	3,732,485
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 29,915,774	\$ 27,001,394	\$ 24,433,194	\$ 24,384,815	\$ 24,402,959	\$ 23,671,230	\$ 24,876,388	\$ 23,752,630	\$ 23,528,030	\$ 23,582,695
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	34.53%	33.84%	33.55%	33.43%	32.20%	33.39%	30.06%	24.56%	19.96%	15.83%

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - PSERS OPEB PLAN

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
District's proportion of the collective PSERS OPEB liability	0.1836%	0.1724%	0.1737%	0.1769%	0.1758%	0.1868%	0.1834%
District's proportionate share of the collective net PSERS OPEB liability	\$ 3,380,000	\$ 4,085,000	\$ 3,753,000	\$ 3,762,000	\$ 3,665,000	\$ 3,806,000	\$ 3,950,000
District's covered payroll	\$ 27,001,394	\$ 24,433,194	\$ 24,384,815	\$ 24,402,959	\$ 23,671,230	\$ 24,876,388	\$ 23,752,630
District's proportionate share of the net PSERS OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	12.52%	16.72%	15.39%	15.42%	15.48%	15.30%	16.63%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total PSERS OPEB liability	6.86%	5.30%	5.69%	5.56%	5.56%	5.73%	5.47%

The District's covered payroll noted above is as of the measurement date of the net PSERS OPEB liability, which is one year prior to the fiscal year end.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

Changes in benefit terms

None

Changes in assumptions used in measurement of the Total OPEB Liability beginning June 30, 2021

- The inflation assumption was decreased from 2.75% to 2.50%. Payroll growth assumption decreased from 3.50% to 3.25%.
- Salary growth changed from an effective average of 5.00%, which was comprised of inflation of 2.75%, real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases of 2.25%, to an effective average of 4.50%, comprised of inflation of 2.50% and 2.00% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Mortality rates were modified from the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females to a blended table based on 50% PubT-2010 Employee (Total Teacher dataset) and 50% PubG-2010 (Total General Employees data), adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version MP-2020.
- For disabled annuitants the rates were modified from the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females to Pub-2010 Disability Mortality Non-Safety Headcount Weighted table, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2020.

Changes in assumptions used in measurement of the Total OPEB liability beginning June 30, 2016

- Salary growth changed from an effective average of 5.50%, which was comprised of inflation of 3.00%, real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases of 2.50%, to an effective average of 5.00%, comprised of inflation of 2.75% and 2.25% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Mortality rates were modified from the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Annuitant Tables (male and female) with age set back 3 years for both males and females to the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale. For disabled annuitants the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Tables (male and female) with age set back 7 years for males and 3 years for females to the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale.

For each year presented, the discount rate is updated using the S&P 20-year Municipal Bond Rate.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information for only those years available is shown.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - PSERS OPEB PLAN

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 225,786	\$ 215,070	\$ 200,592	\$ 205,278	\$ 200,081	\$ 206,672	\$ 212,542	\$ 196,023	\$ 206,205	\$ 216,951
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	225,786	215,070	200,592	205,278	200,081	206,672	212,542	196,023	206,205	216,951
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 29,915,774	\$ 27,001,394	\$ 24,433,194	\$ 24,384,815	\$ 24,402,959	\$ 23,671,230	\$ 24,876,388	\$ 23,752,630	\$ 23,528,030	\$ 23,582,695
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.75%	0.80%	0.82%	0.84%	0.82%	0.87%	0.85%	0.83%	0.88%	0.92%

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - DISTRICT OPEB PLAN

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2023		2022	2021		2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability: Service cost Interest Changes in benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments	123 (811 (1,015 (891	,488 \$,343 ,777) ,280) ,981) ,190)	359,872 101,285 - - (140,650) (362,573)	\$ 485, 274, (1,697, (1,761, 490, (405,	253 906) 901) 868	\$ 482,506 239,636 - (209,905) (382,202)	\$ 517,275 251,262 1,357 (189,916) (166,632) (343,847)	\$ 490,888 181,978 - - 338,753 (289,318)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(2,585	,397)	(42,066)	(2,614,0)79)	130,035	69,499	722,301
Total OPEB liability, beginning	5,239	,895	5,281,961	7,896,0)40	7,766,005	7,696,506	6,974,205
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$ 2,654	,498 \$	5,239,895	\$ 5,281,9	061	\$ 7,896,040	\$ 7,766,005	\$ 7,696,506
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 23,653	,473 \$	23,454,345	\$ 23,454,3	345	\$ 23,812,469	\$ 23,812,469	\$ 23,349,759
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	1:	22%	22.34%	22.	52%	33.16%	32.61%	32.96%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

Changes of Benefit Terms

Significant changes in benefit terms for the July 1, 2022 measurement date are as follows:

• Teachers no longer receive \$5,500 subsidy, they can retire under normal Act 110/43.

Changes of Assumptions

Significant changes in assumptions for the July 1, 2022 measurement date are as follows:

- The discount rate changed from 2.28% to 4.06%.
- The healthcare cost trend and election assumptions were updated.
- The assumptions for salary, mortality, withdrawal and retirement were updated based on the new PSERS assumptions.

Significant changes in assumptions for prior measurement dates are as follows:

- The discount rate was updated each year based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Index.
- The healthcare cost trend assumption was updated each year.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information for only those years available is shown.



SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Assistance Listing	Federal Pass-Through	Grant Period	Program	Total	Accrued or (Unearned)	Revenue	Accrued or (Unearned)
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Source Code	Number (ALN)	Grantor's Number	Beginning/ Ending Dates	or Award Amount	Received for the Year	Revenue at July 1, 2022	Recognized/ Expenditures	Revenue at June 30, 2023
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION									
Passed through the Pennsylvania Department of Education:									
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	1	84.010	013-230348	07/01/22-09/30/23	\$ 1,406,463	\$ 187,529	\$ -	\$ 1,406,463	\$ 1,218,934
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	I	84.010	013-220348	08/13/21-09/30/22	1,438,070	419,737	419,737		
Subtotal - ALN 84.010						607,266	419,737	1,406,463	1,218,934
Career and Technical Training	1	84.048	380-230066	07/01/22-06/30/23	67,330	28,054	-	67,330	39,276
Career and Technical Training	1	84.048	380-220066	07/08/21-06/30/22	72,632	18,158	18,158		
Subtotal - ALN 84.048						46,212	18,158	67,330	39,276
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	ı	84.367	020-230348	07/01/22-09/30/23	135,506	18,067	_	135,506	117,439
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	1	84.367	020-220348	08/13/20-09/30/22	170,397	1,856	1,856	-	-
Subtotal - ALN 84.367						19,923	1,856	135,506	117,439
Title IV Student Support and Academic Enrichment	1	84.424	144-230348	07/01/22-09/30/23	112,837	15,045	_	112,837	97,792
Title IV Student Support and Academic Enrichment	i	84.424	144-220348	08/13/21-09/30/22	98,145	77,126	77,126	-	-
Subtotal - ALN 84.424					,	92,171	77,126	112,837	97,792
24 sh Couhire Commissión Logarina Couhera		04 207	FC4100083529	07/01/22 06/20/22	400,000	207 212		200 607	02.204
21st Century Community Learning Centers 21st Century Community Learning Centers	!	84.287 84.287	FC4100083529 FC4100083529	07/01/22-06/30/23 07/01/21-06/30/22	400,000 400,000	307,313 43,569	43,569	389,697	82,384
Subtotal - ALN 84.287	'	04.207	104100003323	07/01/21-00/30/22	400,000	350,882	43,569	389,697	82,384
						,	-,	, , , , , ,	,
Education Stabilization Fund									
Passed through the Pennsylvania Department of Education: COVID-19 - Elementary Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	1	84.425D	200-210348	03/13/20-09/30/23	4,819,332	2,801,937	1,037,049	1,764,888	
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief	i i	84.425U	223-210348	03/13/20-09/30/23	9,748,114	708,954	(517,643)	1,586,446	359,849
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief	i	84.425U	225-210348	03/13/20-09/30/24	541,177	29,519	(29,519)	341,387	282,349
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief	I	84.425U	225-210348	03/13/20-09/30/24	108,235	5,904	(5,904)	108,235	96,427
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief	I	84.425U	225-210348	03/13/20-09/30/24	108,235	5,904	(5,904)	45,481	33,673
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief	I	84.425U	224-210348	03/13/20-09/30/24	95,852	48,797	42,486	-	(6,311)
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief - Homeless Children and Youth		84.425W	181-212351	07/01/21 00/20/24	68,293	FC 02F	/F 2F2\	C0 202	7.005
Passed through the Pennsylvania Commission on Crime and Delinquency:	I	84.425W	181-212351	07/01/21-09/30/24	68,293	56,035	(5,253)	68,293	7,005
COVID-19 - Elementary Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	ı	84.425D	2020-ES-1-35139	03/13/20-09/30/22	105,217	25,985	25,985	_	_
Subtotal - ALN 84.425 - Total Education Stabilization Fund						3,683,035	541,297	3,914,730	772,992
Passed through Shippensburg University:									
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	1	84.3345	236-004120	10/01/21 - 09/24/28	3,115,256	468,051	111,950	537,866	181,765
	·	055.5	250 00 1220	10,01,11 03,11,10	3,113,230	.00,031	111,550	337,000	101,703
Passed through the Montgomery County Intermediate Unit:				/ / / /					
English Language Acquisition State Grants	I	84.365	N/A	07/02/21-09/30/23	5,163	5,163	-	5,163	-
Special Education Cluster:									
Special Education - Preschool Grants	1	84.173	FA-131-22-0023	07/01/22-09/30/23	3,914	3,914	-	3,914	-
Special Education - Grants to States	1	84.027	FA-062-23-0023	07/01/21-09/30/23	804,772	_	_	804,772	804,772
Special Education - Grants to States	i	84.027	FA-062-22-0035	07/01/21-09/30/22	768,001	768,001	768,001	004,772	004,772
COVID-19 -Special Education - Grants to States	1	84.027X	FA-062-22-0023	07/01/21-09/30/23	180,148	180,148	-	180,148	-
Passed through the Lancaster-Lebanon Intermediate Unit:									
Special Education - Grants to States	1	84.027	FA-062-23-0033	07/01/22-06/30/23	50,000	_	_	50,000	50,000
Special Education - Grants to States	i	84.027	FA-062-22-0033	07/01/21-06/30/22	50,000	50,000	50,000	-	-
Subtotal - ALN 84.027					,	998,149	818,001	1,034,920	854,772
TOTAL CRECIAL CRUCATION CLUCTER						1.002.003	919 001	1 020 024	9E 4 773
TOTAL SPECIAL EDUCATION CLUSTER						1,002,063	818,001	1,038,834	854,772
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION						6,274,766	2,031,694	7,608,426	3,365,354

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - CONTINUED

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Source Code	Assistance Listing Number (ALN)	Federal Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Grant Period Beginning/ Ending Dates	Program or Award Amount	Total Received for the Year	Accrued or (Unearned) Revenue at July 1, 2022	Revenue Recognized/ Expenditures	Accrued or (Unearned) Revenue at June 30, 2023
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES									
Medicaid Cluster									
Passed through PA Department of Human Services:		93.778		07/04/00 05/00/00		22.454		67.050	24.500
Medical Assistance Program Medical Assistance Program	!	93.778 93.778	N/A N/A	07/01/22-06/30/23 07/01/21-06/30/22	N/A N/A	33,154 44,387	44,387	67,852	34,698
SUBTOTAL - ALN 93.778 AND MEDICAID CLUSTER AND	ı	95.776	N/A	07/01/21-06/30/22	N/A	44,387	44,387		
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES						77,541	44,387	67,852	34,698
FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMUSSION						,-	,	,	,,,,,
FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION Emergency Connectivity Fund Program	D	32.009	N/A	07/01/22-06/30/23	16,800	16,800		16,800	
Emergency connectivity rund Program	D	32.009	N/A	07/01/22-06/30/23	16,800	16,800	-	16,800	-
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE									
Passed through Pennsylvania Department of Education:									
COVID-19 - State Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer Administrative Costs Grant	1	10.649	N/A	07/01/22-06/30/23	N/A	3,135	-	3,135	-
Child Nutrition Cluster									
Passed through Pennsylvania Department of Education:									
School Breakfast Program	I	10.553	N/A	07/01/22-06/30/23	N/A	654,265	-	661,057	6,792
COVID-19 - School Breakfast Program	ı	10.553	N/A	07/01/21-06/30/22	N/A	10,834	10,834		
Subtotal - ALN 10.553						665,099	10,834	661,057	6,792
National School Lunch Program	1	10.555	N/A	07/01/22-06/30/23	N/A	1,740,069	_	1,751,338	11,269
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program	i	10.555	N/A	07/01/21-06/30/22	N/A	26,800	26,800	-,:,	,
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program (Supply Chain Assistance)	I	10.555	N/A	07/01/22-06/30/23	N/A	88,806	· -	88,806	-
Passed through the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture:									
National School Lunch Program	I	10.555	N/A	07/01/21-06/30/22	N/A	138,753	(721)	139,177	(297)
Subtotal - ALN 10.555						1,994,428	26,079	1,979,321	10,972
TOTAL CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER						2,659,527	36,913	2,640,378	17,764
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE						2,662,662	36,913	2,643,513	17,764
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS						\$ 9,031,769	\$ 2,112,994	\$ 10,336,591	\$ 3,417,816

Source Code: D - Direct Funding and I - Indirect Funding NOTE: No funds were passed through to subrecipients in the year ended June 30, 2023.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal awards activity of Pottstown School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Pottstown School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Pottstown School District.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to the reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustment or credits made in the normal course of business for amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

NOTE 3 - DE MINIMIS RATE FOR INDIRECT COSTS

The District did not elect to use the de minimis rate for indirect costs.

NOTE 4 - ACCESS PROGRAM

The District participates in the ACCESS Program which is a medical assistance program that reimburses local educational agencies for direct eligible health-related services provided to enrolled special needs students. Reimbursements are federal source revenues but are classified as fee-for-service and are not considered federal financial assistance. No ACCESS funding classified as fee-for-service was recognized for the year ended June 30, 2023.

NOTE 5 - FOOD COMMODITIES

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2023, the District had \$297 of food commodity inventory.





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of School Directors Pottstown School District Pottstown, Pennsylvania

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pottstown School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Pottstown School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 15, 2024.

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Pottstown School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Pottstown School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Pottstown School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.



Report On Compliance and Other Matters

Herlien + Company, Inc.

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Pottstown School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Reading, Pennsylvania February 15, 2024

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of School Directors Pottstown School District Pottstown, Pennsylvania

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Pottstown School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Pottstown School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. Pottstown School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Pottstown School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements*, Cost Principles, and *Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Pottstown School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Pottstown School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Pottstown School District's federal programs.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Pottstown School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Pottstown School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Pottstown School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Pottstown School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the
 audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
 report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Pottstown School District's internal control
 over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Reading, Pennsylvania

Hervier + Company Inc.

February 15, 2024

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

<u>Financial Statements</u>						
Type of auditor's report issued: Internal control over financial reportir	ng·	Unmodified				
Material weakness(es) identified?		yes	Х	_no		
Significant deficiency(ies) identified material weaknesses?	not considered to be	yes	Х	_none reported		
Noncompliance material to financial s	yes	Χ	_no			
Federal Awards						
Internal Control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	Х	no			
Significant deficiency(ies) identified material weaknesses?	yes	Х	_ _none reported			
Type of auditor's report issued on com	Unmodified					
Any audit findings disclosed that are re reported in accordance with 2 CFR,	•	yes	Х	_no		
Identification of major program(s):						
Assistance Listing Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Clust	er				
84.010	Title I Grants to Local Educational	Agencies				
84.425 COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund						
Dollar threshold used to distinguish be	etween Type A and Type B program	s: \$75	0,000	1		

X yes _____no

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

There were no financial statement findings.

Section III - Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

There were no federal awards findings or questioned costs.



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STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

There were no financial statement findings for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Section III - Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

There were no federal awards findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2022.